

Biosimilars – can we do without them?

Dr Paul Cornes

***Thursday 17th March, 2016
EAHP - Vienna***



Dr Paul Cornes

Disclosures March 2016

- **Salary received:**
 - **United Kingdom National Health Service**
- **Honoraria received:**
 - **Accord Healthcare**
 - **Amgen**
 - **Bernstein**
 - **British Medical Journal**
 - **European Generics Association**
 - **Hospira**
 - **Janssen**
 - **Lilly**
 - **Merck Serono**
 - **Napp**
 - **Pharmaceutical Association of Malaysia**
 - **Pfizer**
 - **Roche**
 - **Sandoz**
 - **Teva**

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Biosimilars – can we do without them?

Dr Paul Cornes, Oncologist



Comparative Outcomes Group



**ESO Task Force Advisory Board on
Access to Innovative Treatment in
Europe**

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**Biosimilars – can we do
without them?**



***Biosimilars – I can't imagine the
world of medicine without them***

There is a cost to cancer

cancer has the most devastating economic impact of any cause of death in the world.

Cancer causes the highest economic loss of all of the 15 leading causes of death worldwide

WHO: Cancer world's top killer since 2010

17 percent of all 'healthy' years lost in the European Union

The total economic impact of premature death and disability from cancer worldwide is \$2.5 trillion.

Managing the costs of cancer will be the model we use for other diseases

170 million years of "healthy life" lost due to death and disability from cancer in 2008

There is a cost to cancer

There is a cost to cancer care



“Think about health spending as not consumption but investment”

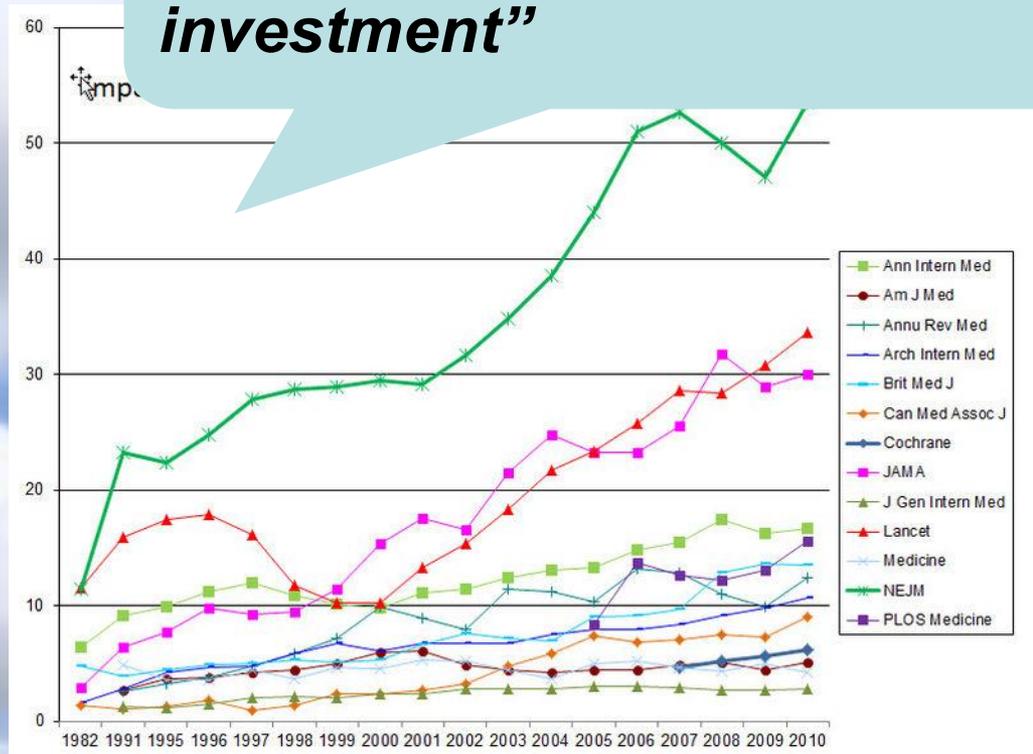
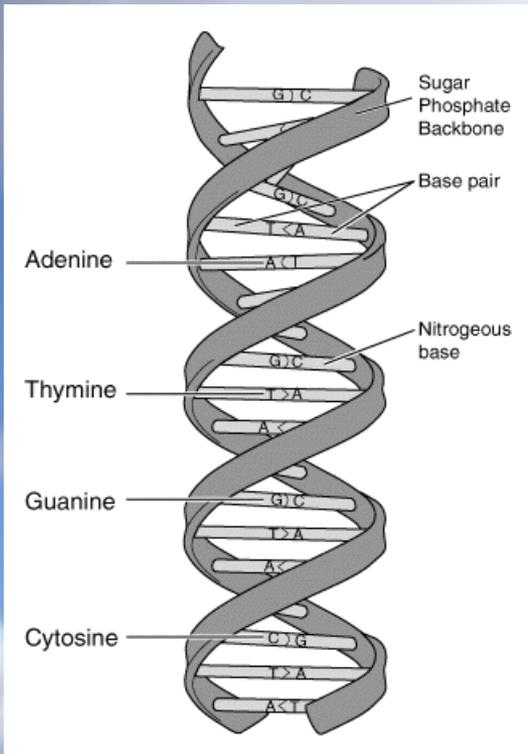
Spending is not a negative – it is a positive good

We are treating the worlds most important disease – its greatest killer

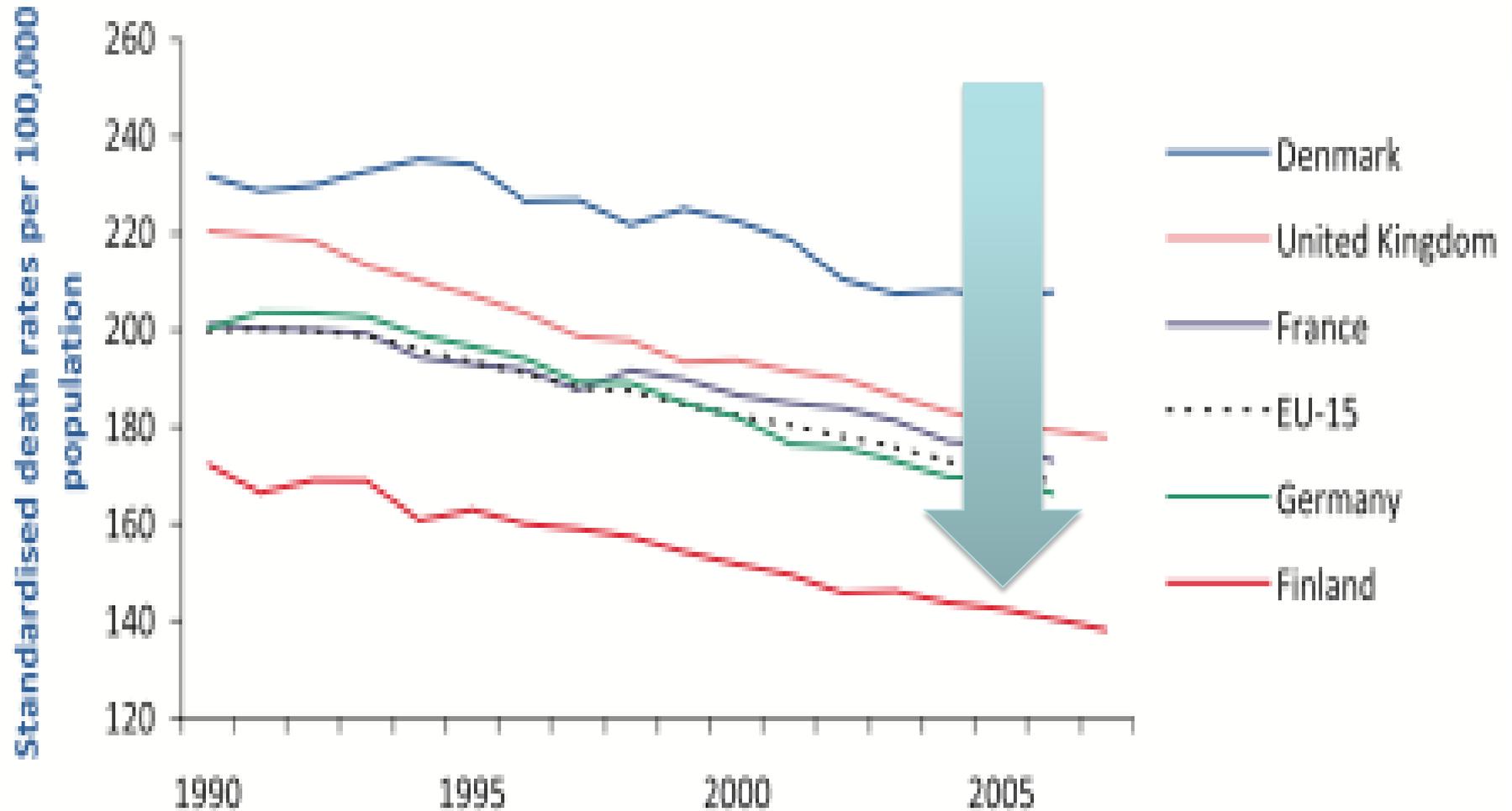
Good news for medicine

- Basic cancer science is paying back on its investment
 - One medical paper a minute
- Library of Medicine

“Think about health spending as not consumption but investment”



Good news for cancer treatment: worldwide – more people survive cancer



Good news for cancer treatment: Cancer survival is improving

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29 April 2014 Last updated at 00:00

Half of cancer sufferers 'live a decade or more'

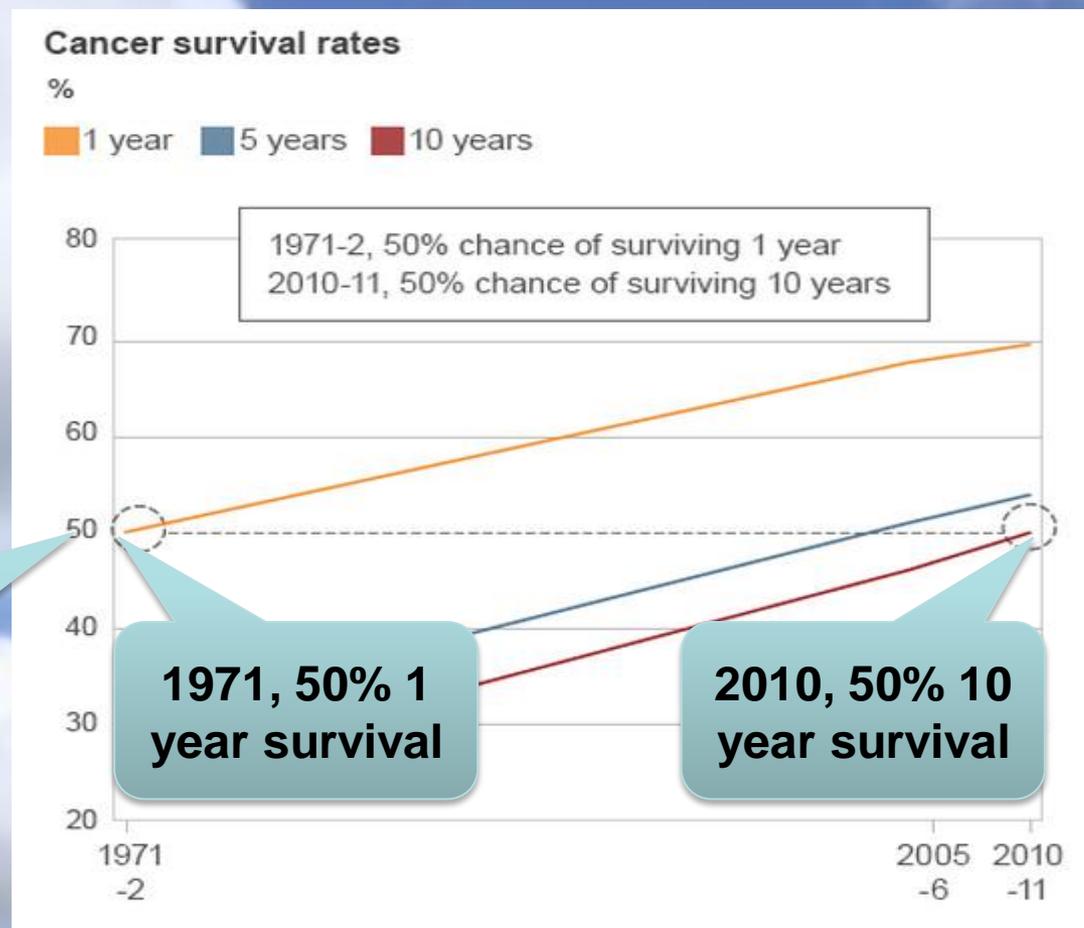
COMMENTS (178)

By Nick Triggle
Health correspondent, BBC News

Median Survival of Cancer in the UK has risen from 1 to 10 years since 1971

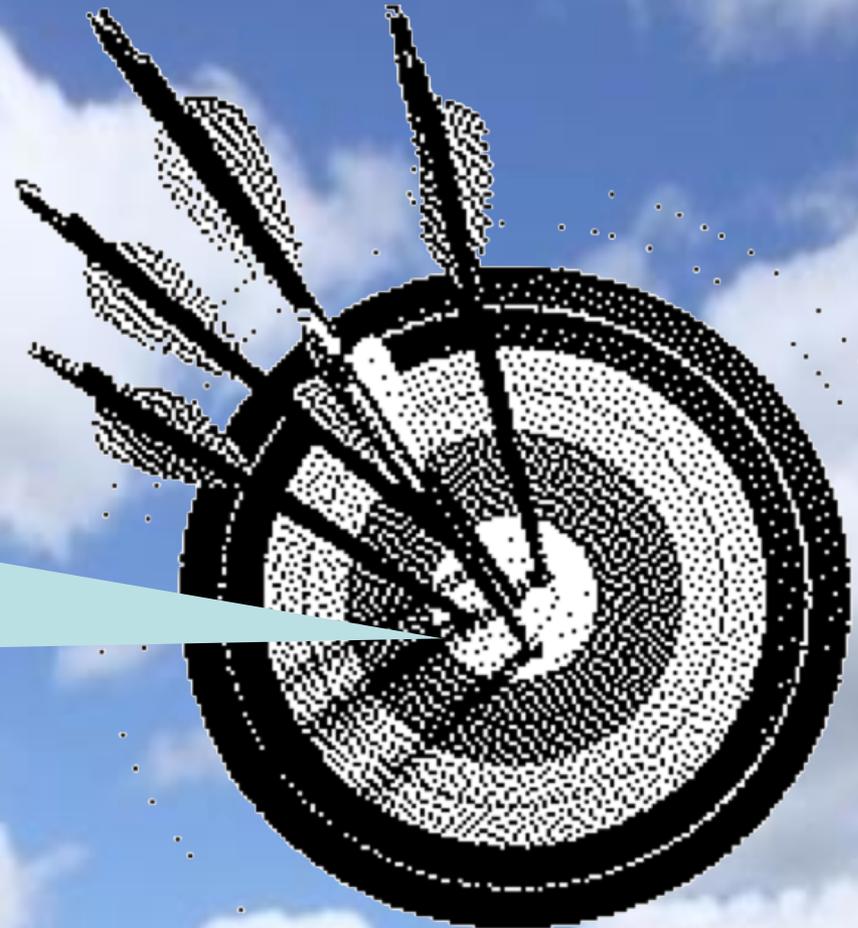
Half of people in England and Wales now being diagnosed with cancer will survive at least a decade - double the rate in the early 1970s, figures show.

Related Stories



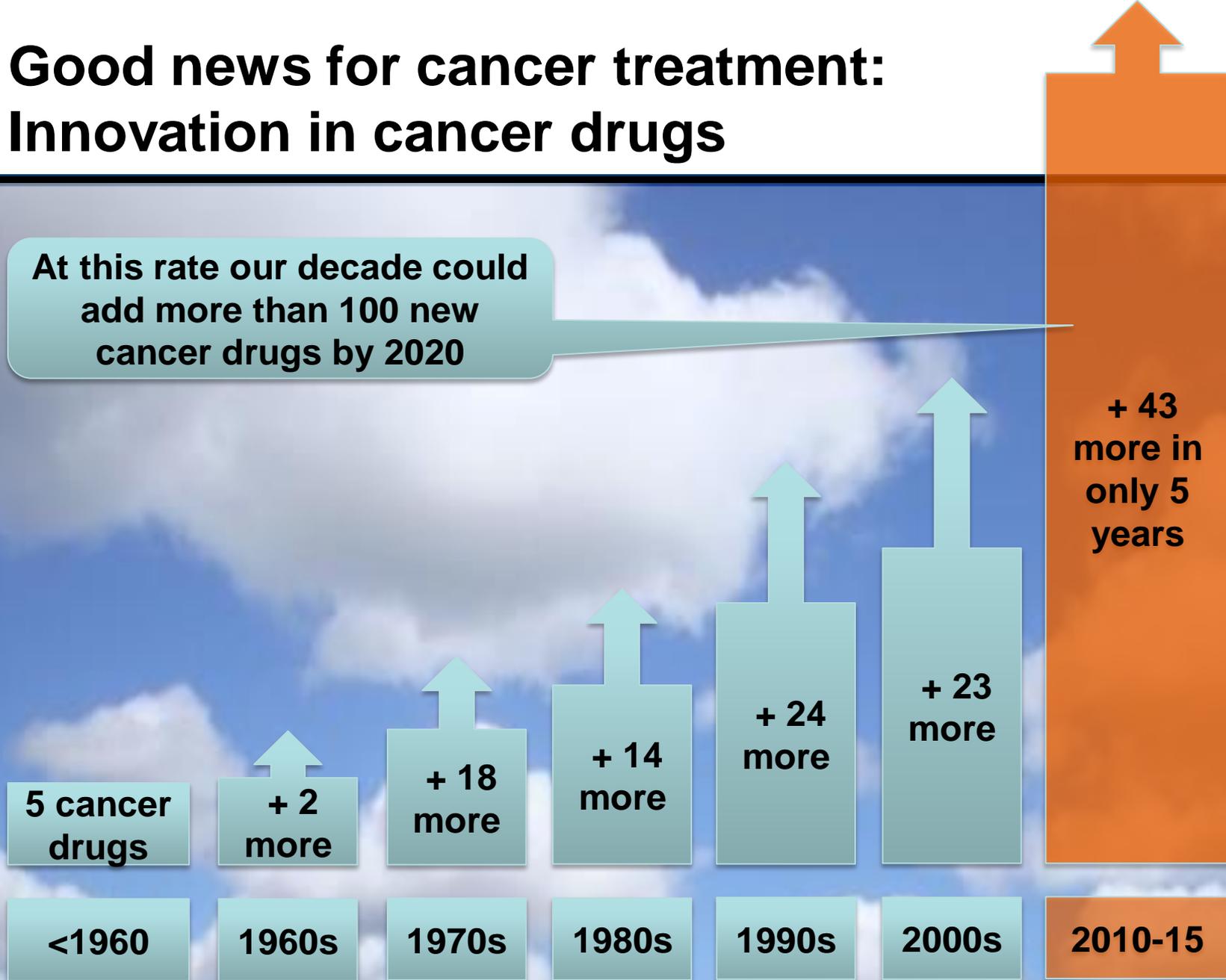
Cancer survival is improving

Estimated - new medicines have accounted for 50-60 percent of the increase in cancer survival rates since 1975.



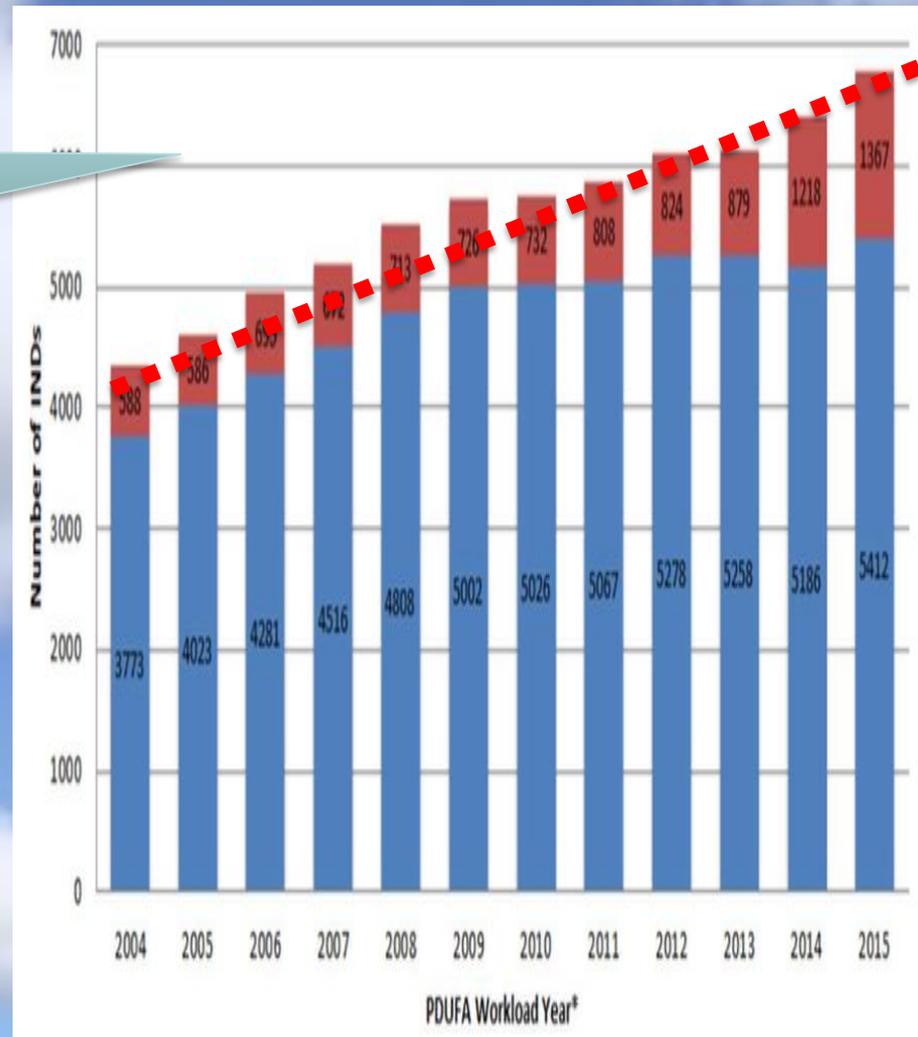
Good news for cancer treatment: Innovation in cancer drugs

At this rate our decade could
add more than 100 new
cancer drugs by 2020



Good news for medical treatment: Innovation for all medicines is rising

Number of Commercial
Investigational New Drugs
by year at the US FDA



■ Drug INDs ■ Biologic INDs



Exploration

Innovation Dr

Innovation - 1984

**1984 Nobel Prize
for Medicine**

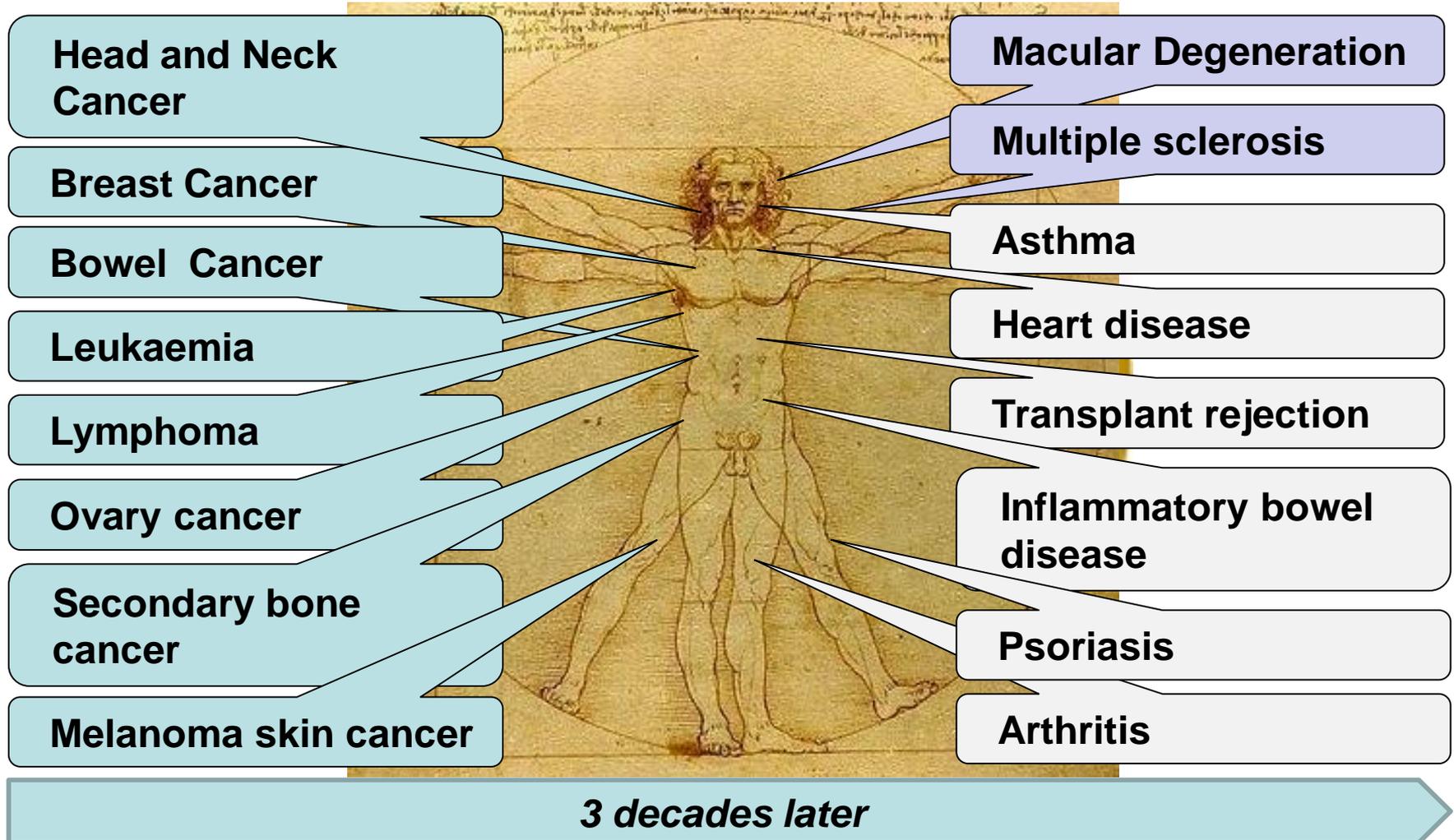
**awarded jointly
to Jerne, Köhler
and Milstein**



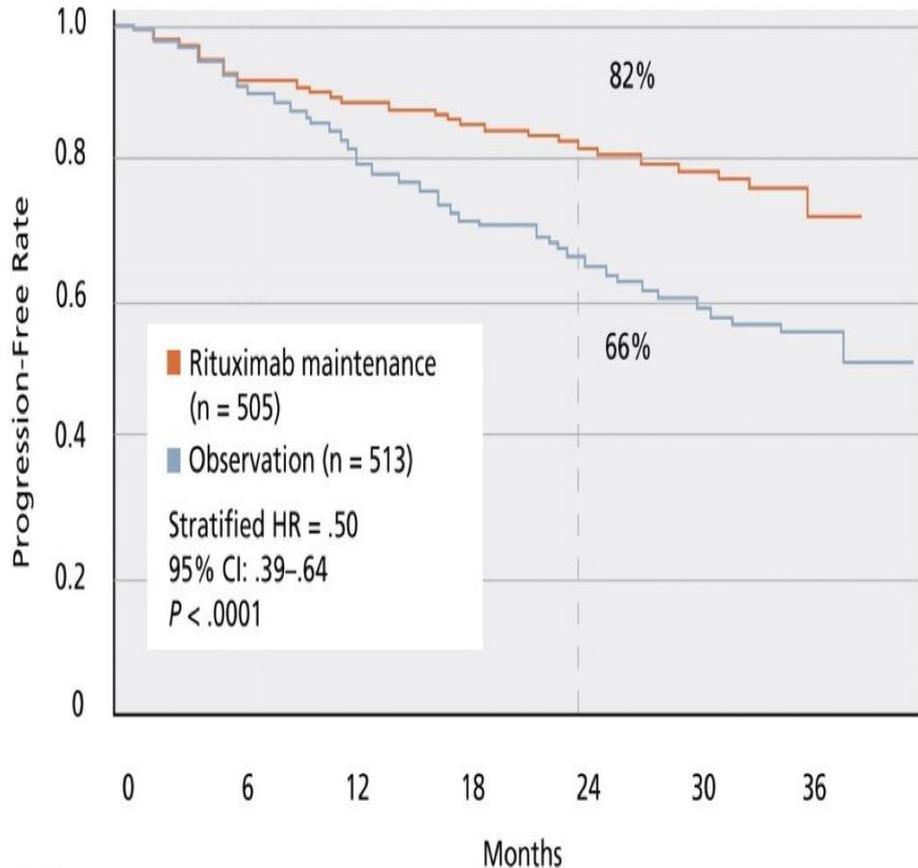
***"for the
discovery of the
principle for
production of
monoclonal
antibodies".***

3 decades later

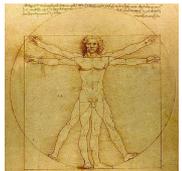
3 decades of Innovation: 1984 to 2016 Monoclonal antibody development



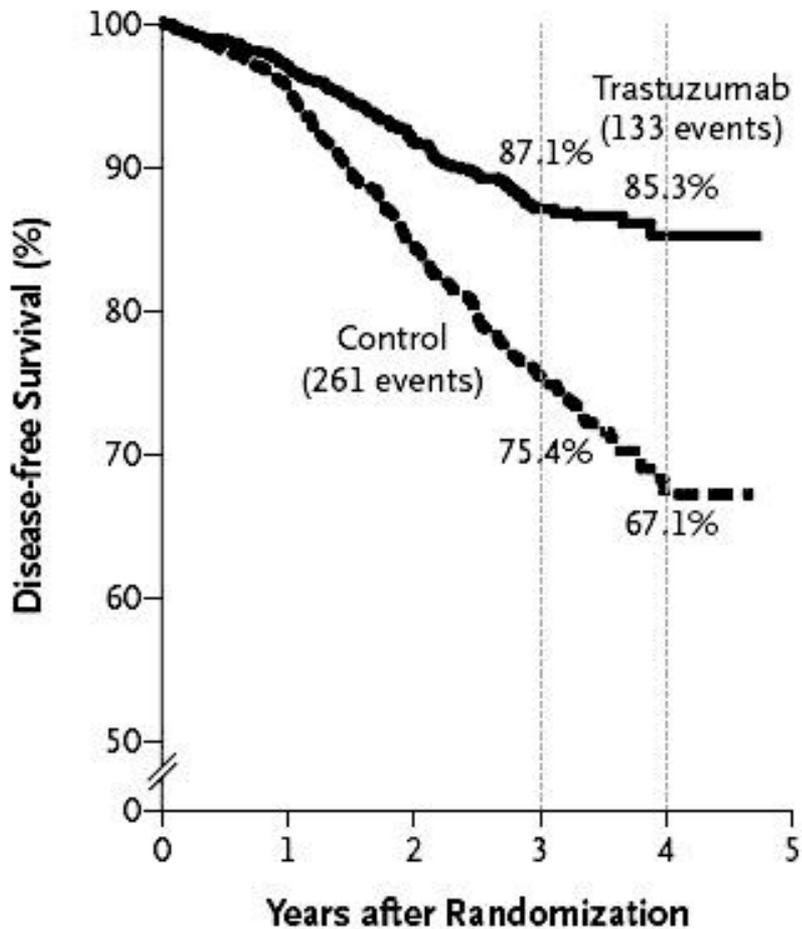
Monoclonals in cancer - lymphoma



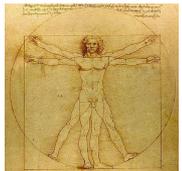
- Rituximab
 - Halves lymphoma relapse



Monoclonals in breast cancer

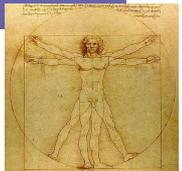
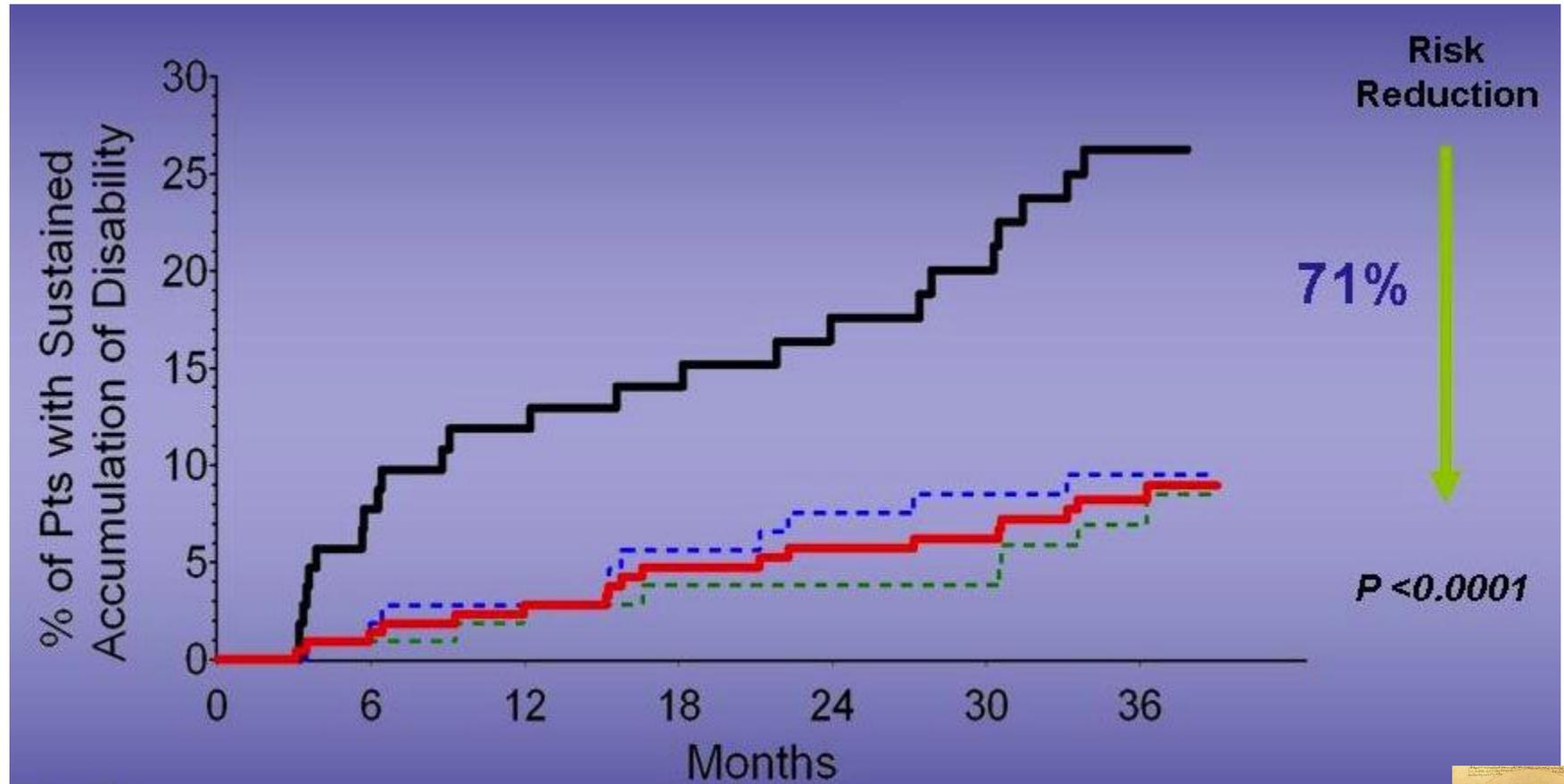


- Trastuzumab
 - Halves the chance of relapse
 - Reduces death by 33%

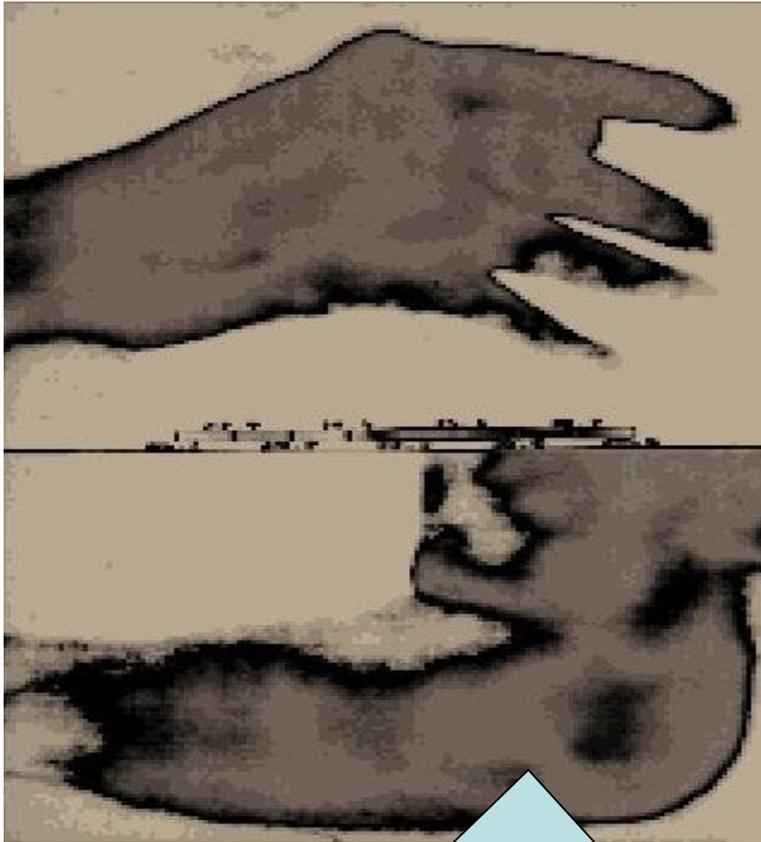


MAbs:

71% reduction in disability in multiple sclerosis



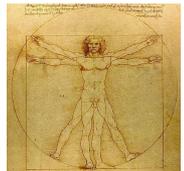
MAbs: Controlling rheumatoid arthritis



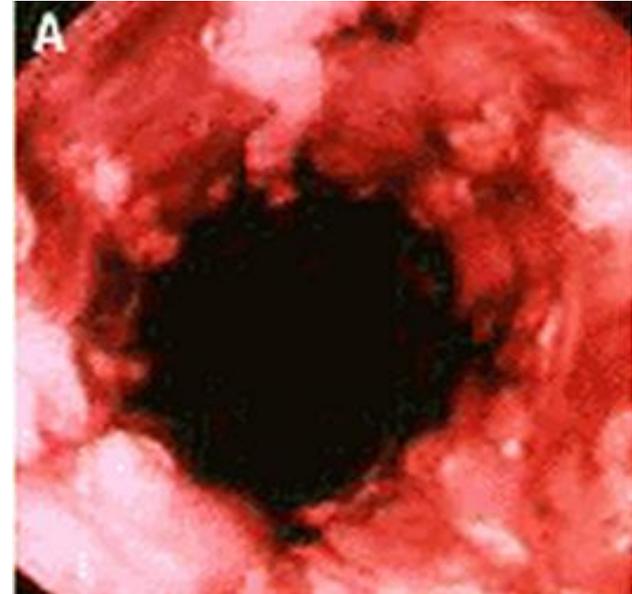
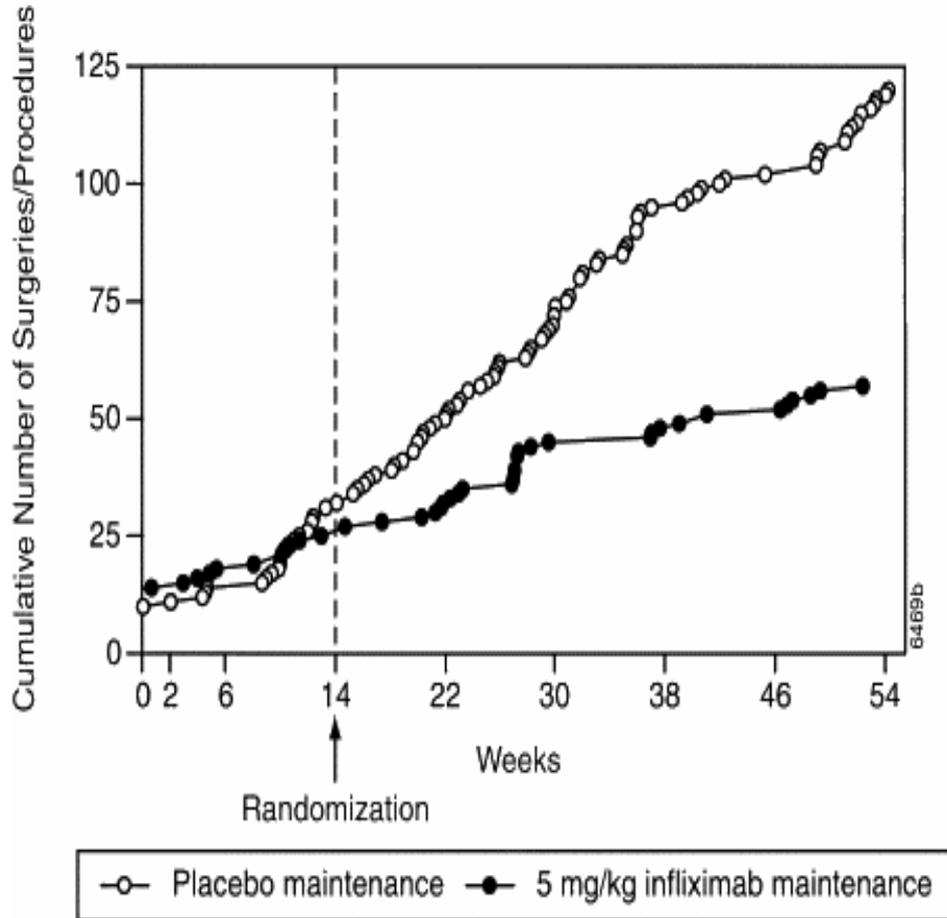
Thermal imaging of hand and elbow joints before.....



..and after Mab therapy

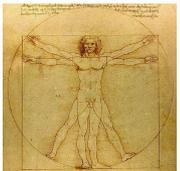


MAbs - halves hospitalizations, surgeries, and procedures in fistulizing Crohn's disease



Infliximab

MAbs for psoriasis



New targeted precision medicines are transforming cancer care

REVIEWS

Targeted therapy in rare cancers—adopting the orphans

Javier Munoz and Stazelle Kurzrock

Abstract | Designation of a rare "orphan" disease is usually conferred by a prevalence of one in 1,500 to 2,500 individuals. Increasingly, orphan diseases are also being defined by their molecular fingerprints. Rare diseases are uniquely challenging from a therapeutic standpoint. It is critical to modify clinical study design of treatments for orphan disorders as well as for the increasingly smaller molecular subsets within frequently occurring cancers. In spite of the immense challenges associated with developing a treatment for a rare disorder, some of the most groundbreaking therapeutic discoveries have been made in orphan malignancies. This situation may be because a limited number of other molecular aberrations occur in rare disorders, which can be targeted by agents. Here, we describe drug-class examples of targeted therapies for orphan diseases, with particular emphasis on malignancies or tumor-gene-normal-gene conditions, as well as potential therapeutic strategies that can be adopted to treat these orphan conditions.

Munoz, J. & Kurzrock, R. *Nat Rev Clin Oncol* 9:631–642 (2012); published online 11 September 2012 | [doi:10.1038/nrco.2012.100](http://dx.doi.org/10.1038/nrco.2012.100)

Introduction

Cancer is one of the most common causes of death worldwide. Treatment of metastatic disease has yielded only modest results, and most patients succumb to their disease. To a large extent, these dismal outcomes are probably because cancer consists of hundreds of molecular disease subsets, each requiring its own personalized treatment approach. Therefore, the standard paradigm of classifying patients by histology alone, and treating large molecular groups of patients with the same treatment

rare diseases as "life-threatening or chronically debilitating diseases that are of such low prevalence that special clinical efforts are needed to address them." (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17) (18) (19) (20) (21) (22) (23) (24) (25) (26) (27) (28) (29) (30) (31) (32) (33) (34) (35) (36) (37) (38) (39) (40) (41) (42) (43) (44) (45) (46) (47) (48) (49) (50) (51) (52) (53) (54) (55) (56) (57) (58) (59) (60) (61) (62) (63) (64) (65) (66) (67) (68) (69) (70) (71) (72) (73) (74) (75) (76) (77) (78) (79) (80) (81) (82) (83) (84) (85) (86) (87) (88) (89) (90) (91) (92) (93) (94) (95) (96) (97) (98) (99) (100)

Cancer Disease	Old Model	Old Survival	Personalized Model	Personalized Survival
Acute promyelocytic leukemia	Chemotherapy	19 months	All-trans retinoic acid	>58 months
Chronic myeloid leukemia	Chemotherapy	6 years	Imatinib	>22 years
Melanoma	Dacarbazine	<10 months	Vemurafenib	16 months
Medullary thyroid cancer	Chemotherapy	36 months	Vandetanib	Not reached
Gastrointestinal stromal tumour	Chemotherapy	12-18 months	Imatinib	Close to 5 years
Relapsed Hodgkin lymphoma	Chemotherapy	1.2 years	Brentuximab vedotin	22.4 months

Chemotherapy era vs. targeted medicines era

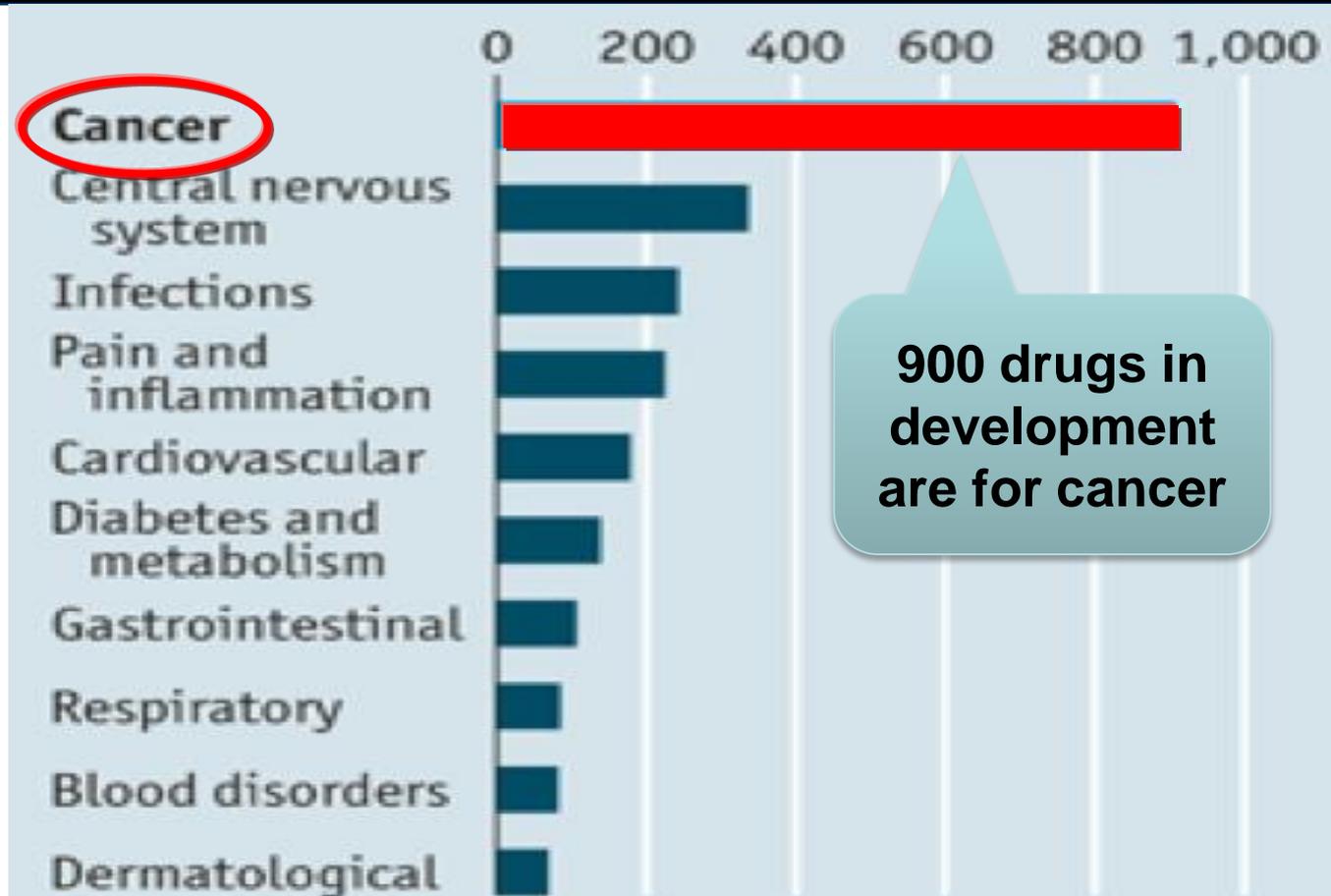
Examples where survival has more than tripled

[1] Munoz and Kurzrock. *Nat Rev Clin Oncol*. 2012;9(11):631-42.

[2] The Value of Medical Innovation. <http://valueofinnovation.org/a-world-free-from-cancer/#ref3> [Accessed May 2015].

Good news for cancer treatment

Drugs in development,



Source: Medco,
R&D Directions

*Top ten therapeutic areas for the world's big pharmaceutical firms, includes drugs in Phase I, II, III or awaiting FDA approval

Biologics

~~Biosimilars~~ – can we do
without them?



***Biologics – I can't imagine the world of
medicine without precision targeted therapies***

The possibility at the millennium, 2000

Cell, Vol. 100, 57-70, January 7, 2000, Copyright ©2000 by Cell Press

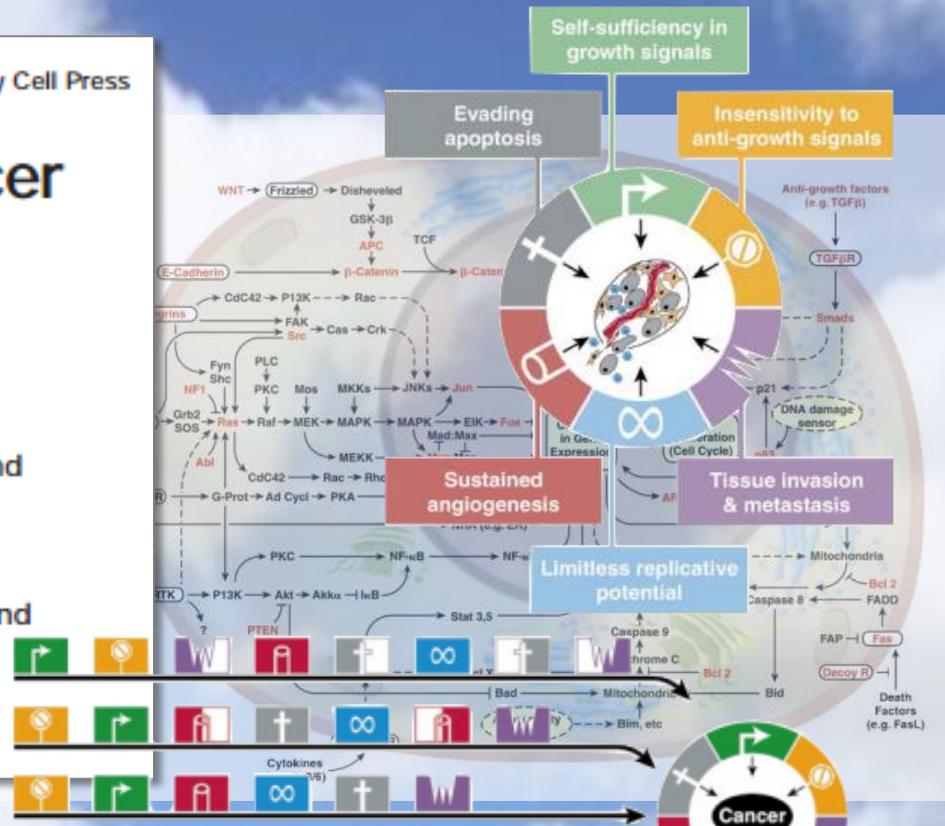
The Hallmarks of Cancer

Douglas Hanahan* and Robert A. Weinberg†

*Department of Biochemistry and Biophysics and
Hormone Research Institute

University of California at San Francisco
San Francisco, California 94143

†Whitehead Institute for Biomedical Research and
Department of Biology
Massachusetts Institute of Technology
Cambridge, Massachusetts 02142



the complexity of 200 different cancers
may be explained by a few unregulated
pathways

And so the diversity of cancer might be
treated by a limited panel of concurrent
targeted precision therapies

Where are we now?

I am sorry to report that you have breast cancer

Tell me doctor – what have I got?

Anatomic diagnosis

Malignant Neoplasm of Female Breast

ICD-10-CM (Category C50)

Nipple and areola – *right, left, unspecified*

Central portion – *right, left, unspecified*

Upper-inner quadrant – *right, left, unspecified*

Lower-inner quadrant – *right, left, unspecified*

Upper-outer quadrant – *right, left, unspecified*

Lower-outer quadrant – *right, left, unspecified*

Axillary tail – *right, left, unspecified*

Overlapping

Unspecified

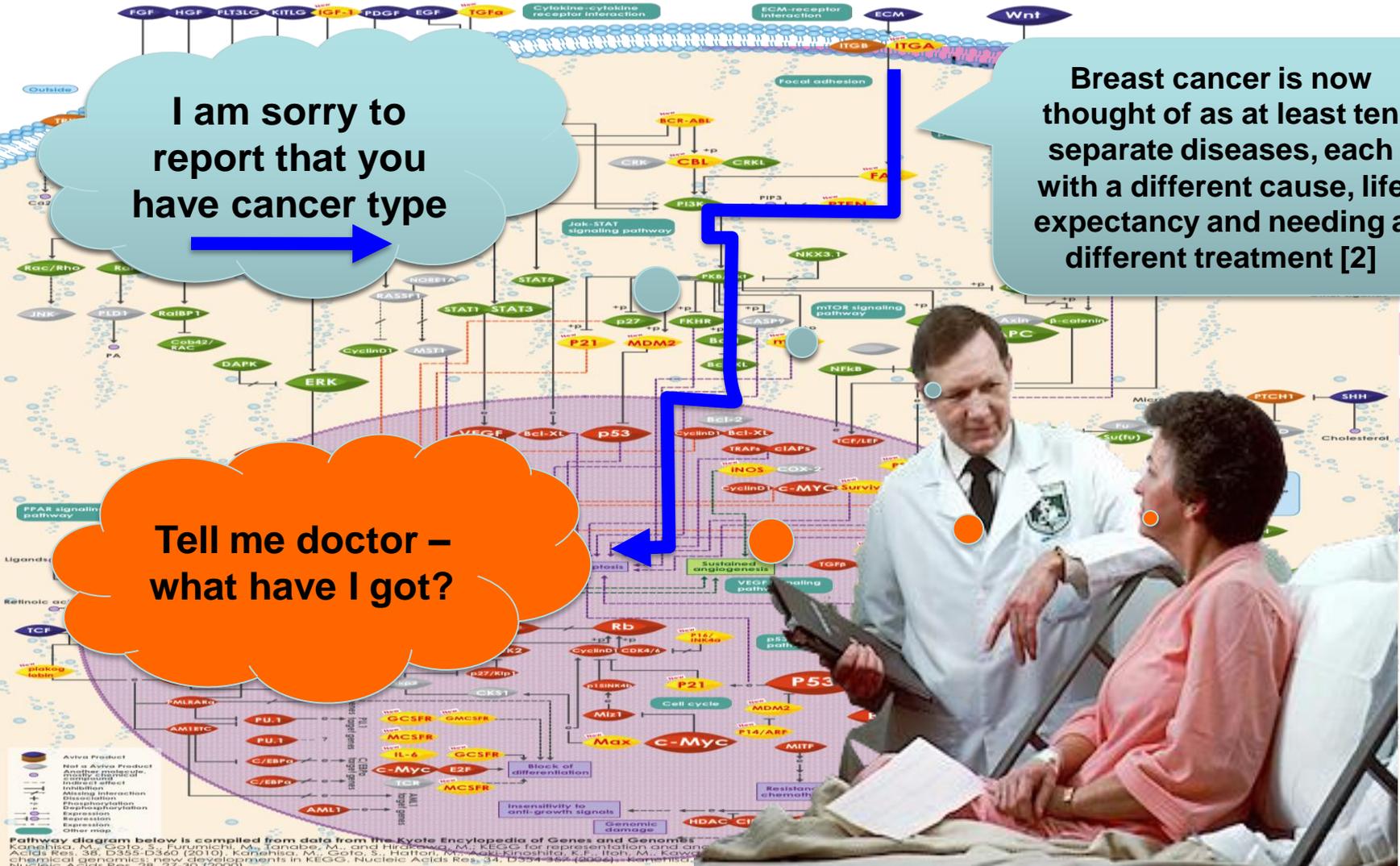


Where are we soon?

I am sorry to report that you have cancer type

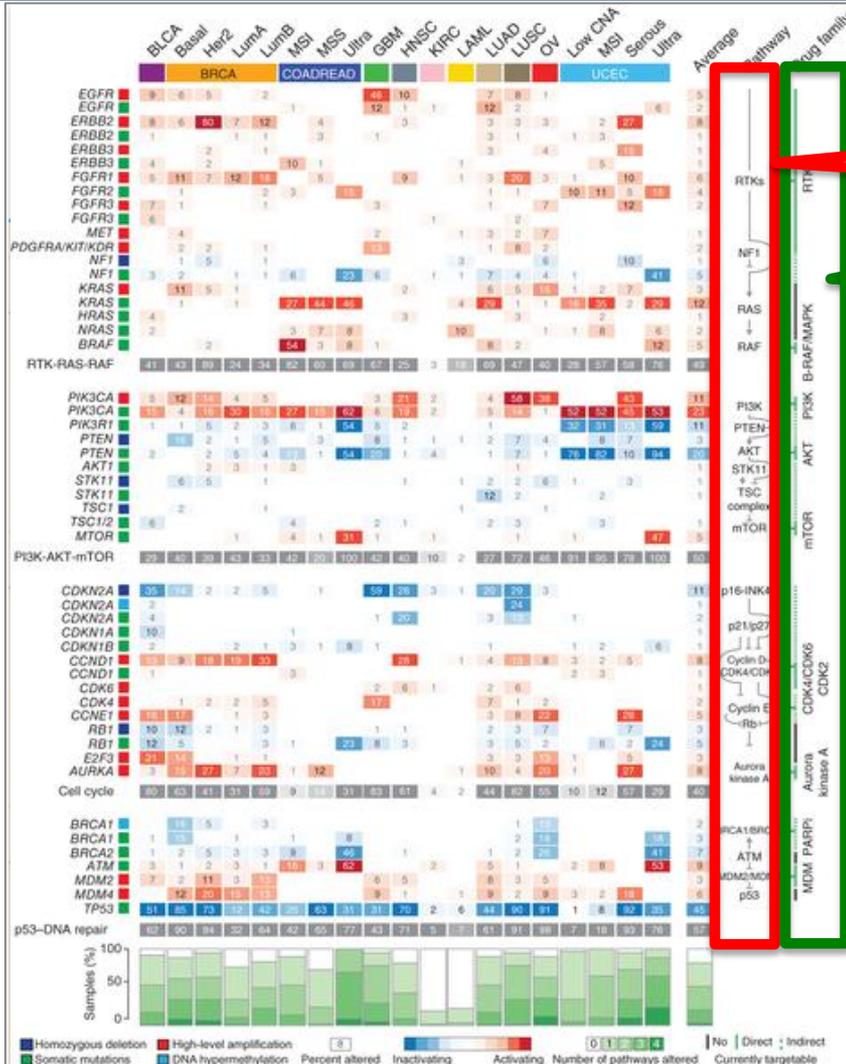
Breast cancer is now thought of as at least ten separate diseases, each with a different cause, life expectancy and needing a different treatment [2]

Tell me doctor – what have I got?



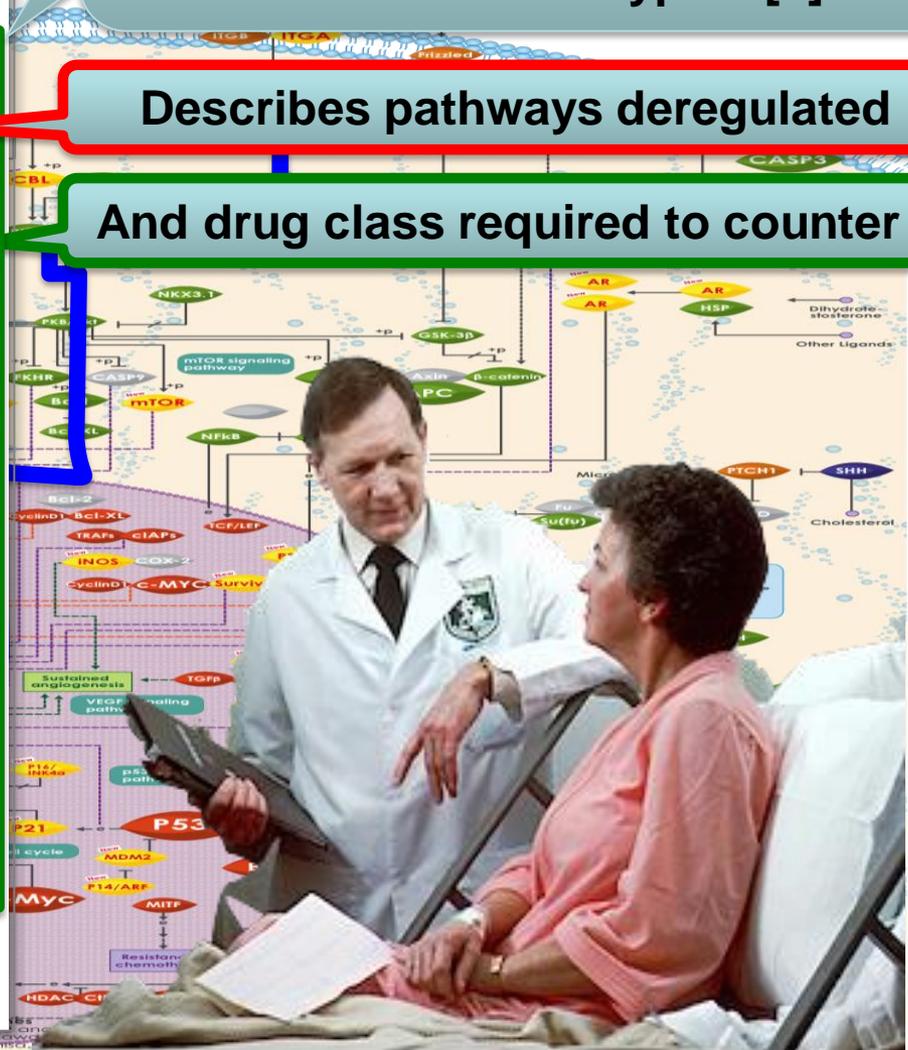
Where are we heading?

The Cancer Genome Atlas is a working Map of functional and actionable alterations across different tumour types [4]



Describes pathways deregulated

And drug class required to counter it



Ref: Ref [1] Image modified from https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/d/d5/Oncology_doctor_consults_with_patient.jpg [2] Pathways in cancer. Avivasysbio.com. URL: http://www.avivasysbio.com/media/pdf/etc/Aviva_Pathway_Cancer.pdf. Accessed September 15, 2015. [3] Sharma, P et al. Immune Checkpoint Targeting in Cancer Therapy: Toward Combination Strategies with Curative Potential. Cell 2015;161(2):205-214 [4] Giovanni Ciriello G et al. Emerging landscape of

Where are we heading?

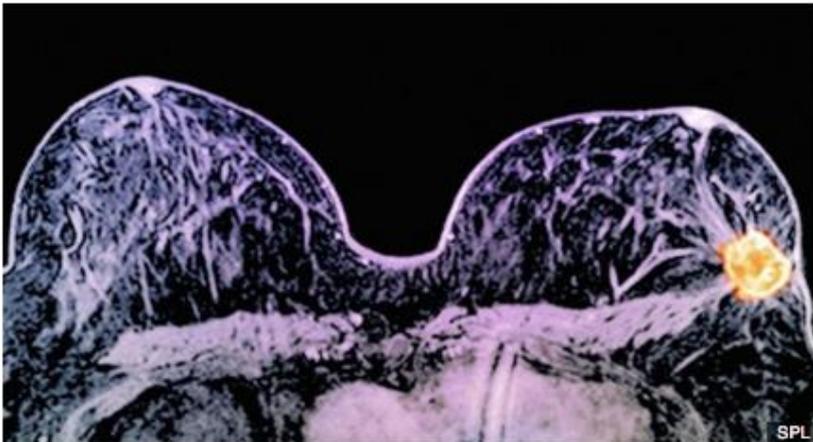
2016: Targeting two deregulated pathways with lapatinib and trastuzumab - Tumours can be gone in as short as 11 days! [5]



Tumours shrunk 'dramatically' in 11 days

By James Gallagher
Health editor, BBC News website

10 March 2016 | Health



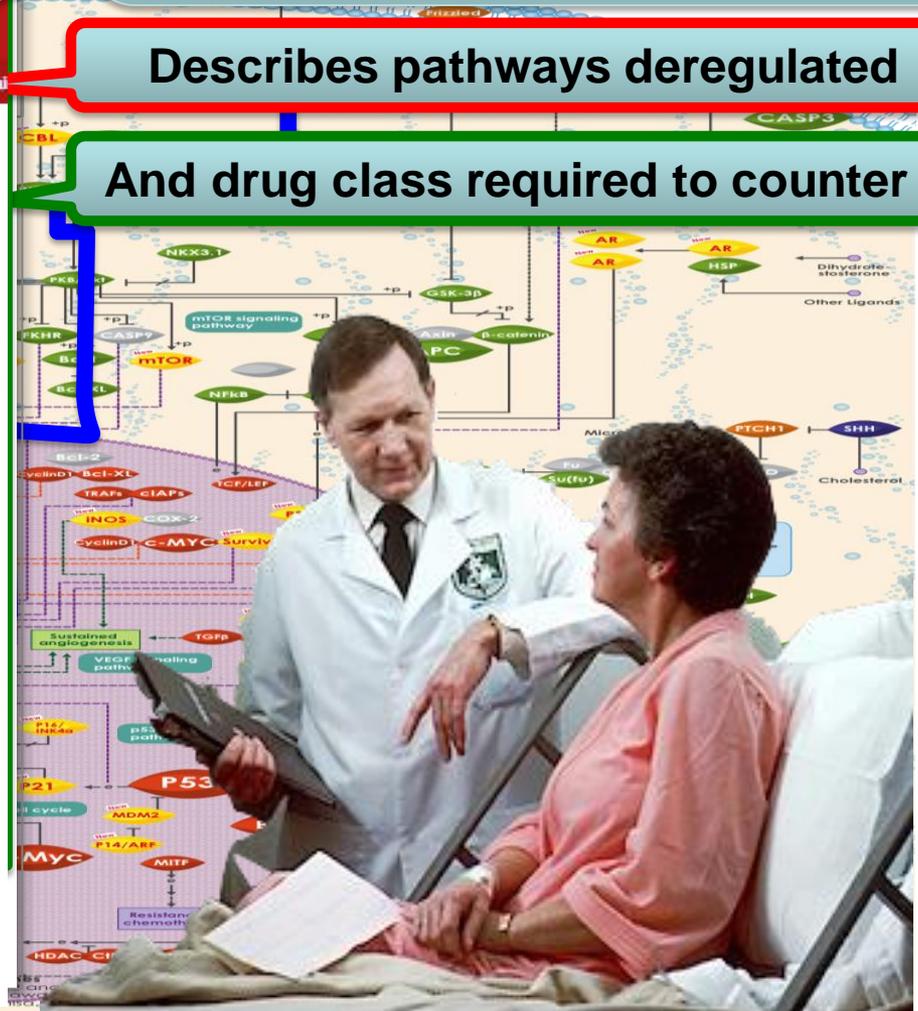
A pair of drugs can dramatically shrink and eliminate some breast cancers in just 11 days, UK doctors have shown.

They said the "surprise" findings, reported at the European Breast Cancer Conference, could mean some women no longer need chemotherapy.

Nucleic Acids Res. 28, 27-30 (2000).

Describes pathways deregulated

And drug class required to counter it



Where are we heading?

“Basket trials” now mean we will treat cancers by genomic diagnosis, not anatomic site [4]

JOURNAL OF CLINICAL ONCOLOGY

EDITORIAL

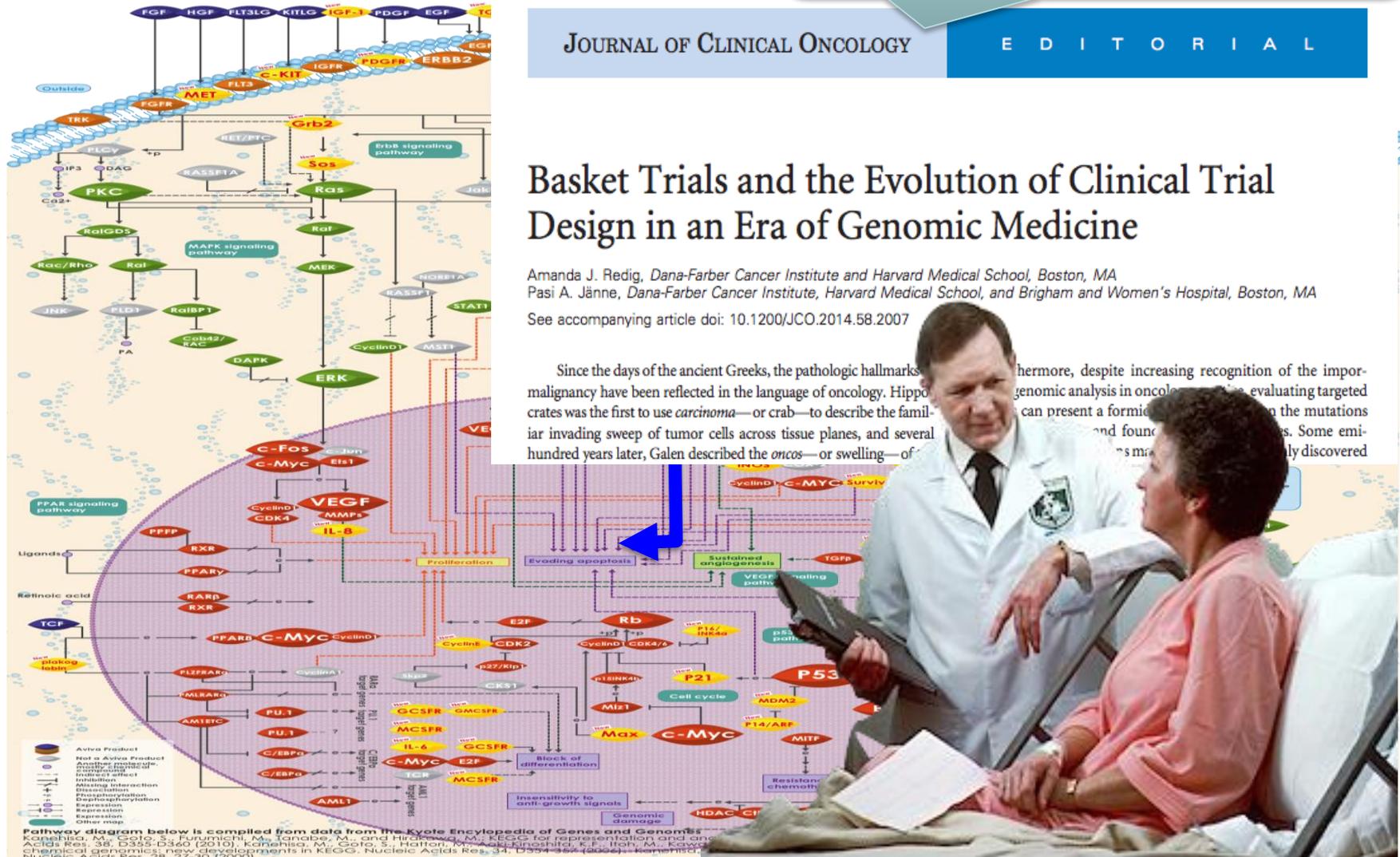
Basket Trials and the Evolution of Clinical Trial Design in an Era of Genomic Medicine

Amanda J. Redig, Dana-Farber Cancer Institute and Harvard Medical School, Boston, MA

Pasi A. Jänne, Dana-Farber Cancer Institute, Harvard Medical School, and Brigham and Women's Hospital, Boston, MA

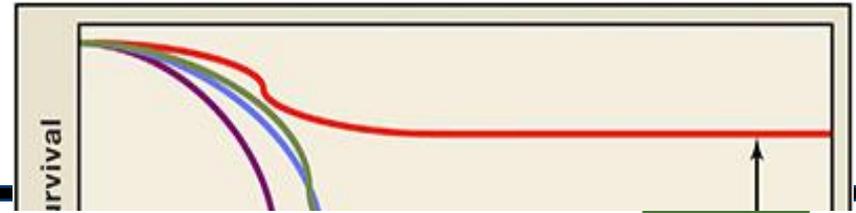
See accompanying article doi: 10.1200/JCO.2014.58.2007

Since the days of the ancient Greeks, the pathologic hallmarks of malignancy have been reflected in the language of oncology. Hippocrates was the first to use *carcinoma*—or crab—to describe the familiar invading sweep of tumor cells across tissue planes, and several hundred years later, Galen described the *oncos*—or swelling—of tumors. Furthermore, despite increasing recognition of the importance of genomic analysis in oncology, the challenge of evaluating targeted therapies can present a formidable task. The mutations in the genome can be so diverse and found in such different tissues. Some emblematic of the modern era, these mutations have only been discovered in the last few decades.



Ref: Ref [1] Image modified from https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/d/d5/Oncology_doctor_consults_with_patient.jpg [2] Pathways in cancer. Avivasysbio.com. URL: http://www.avivasysbio.com/media/pdf/etc/Aviva_Pathway_Cancer.pdf. Accessed September 15, 2015. [3] Sharma, P et al. Immune Checkpoint Targeting in Cancer Therapy: Toward Combination Strategies with Curative Potential. Cell 2015;161(2):205–214 [4] Redig, AJ et al. Basket Trials and the Evolution of Clinical Trial Design in an Era of Genomic Medicine. JCO February 9, 2015 JCO 29:470-473

Where are we heading?



Cell

Leading Edge
Review

Immune Checkpoint Targeting in Cancer Therapy: Toward Combination Strategies with Curative Potential

Padmanee Sharma^{1,2,*} and James P. Allison^{1,*}

¹Department of Immunology

²Department of Genitourinary Medicine

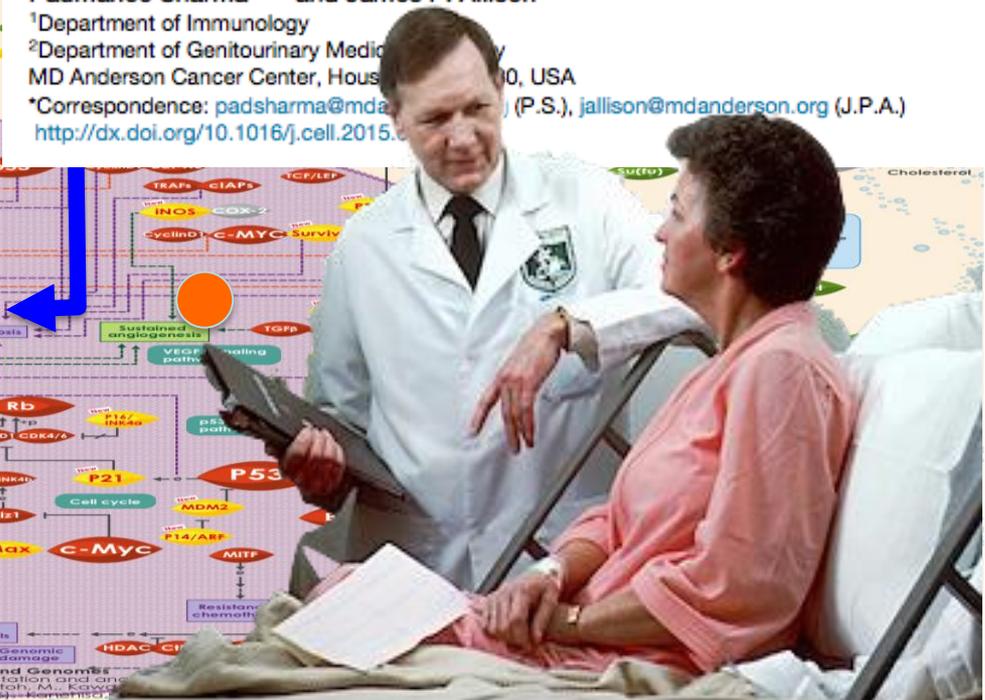
MD Anderson Cancer Center, Houston, TX 77030, USA

*Correspondence: padsharma@mdanderson.org (P.S.), jallison@mdanderson.org (J.P.A.)

<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.cell.2015.08.014>

With 3 key steps deregulated – we need 3 concurrent cancer therapies

How should we treat it?



Pathway diagram below is compiled from data from the Kyoto Encyclopedia of Genes and Genomes (Kanehisa, M., Goto, S., Furumichi, M., Tanabe, M., and Hirakawa, M., KEGG for representation and analysis. *Nucleic Acids Res.* 38, D355-D360 (2010), Kanehisa, M., Goto, S., Hattori, M., Aoki-Kinoshita, K.F., Itoh, M., Kawasumi, M., Miyashiro, T., Nishimura, Y., Taniguchi, M., and Uno, Y., KEGG pathway map. *Nucleic Acids Res.* 34, D581-D583 (2006).

Where are we heading?

With 3 key steps deregulated – we need 3 concurrent cancer therapies

Will my health insurance cover that?

the average cost per month for a branded oncology drug in the U.S. is now approximately \$10,000 [2]

$\$10,000 \times 3 \times 12 = \$360,000$ a year



2015 was another record year for drug innovation

STICKER SHOCK

New drugs for cancer and rare diseases came with hefty list prices

DRUG NAME	INDICATION	ANNUAL PRICE
Kanuma	LAL deficiency	\$310,000
Strensiq	Juvenile-onset hypophosphatasia	\$285,000
Orkambi	Cystic fibrosis	\$259,000
Uptravi	Pulmonary arterial hypertension	\$160,000–170,000
Tagrisso	Lung cancer	\$153,000 ^a
Alecensa	ALK-positive lung cancer	\$150,000 ^a
Empliciti	Multiple myeloma	\$140,000 ^b
Portrazza	Lung cancer	\$137,000 ^a
Farydak	Multiple myeloma	\$119,000 ^a
Ibrance	Metastatic breast cancer	\$118,200
Ninlaro	Multiple myeloma	\$113,000 ^a
Darzalex	Multiple myeloma	\$110,000

^a Based on announced monthly or four-week pricing. ^b For first year of treatment.

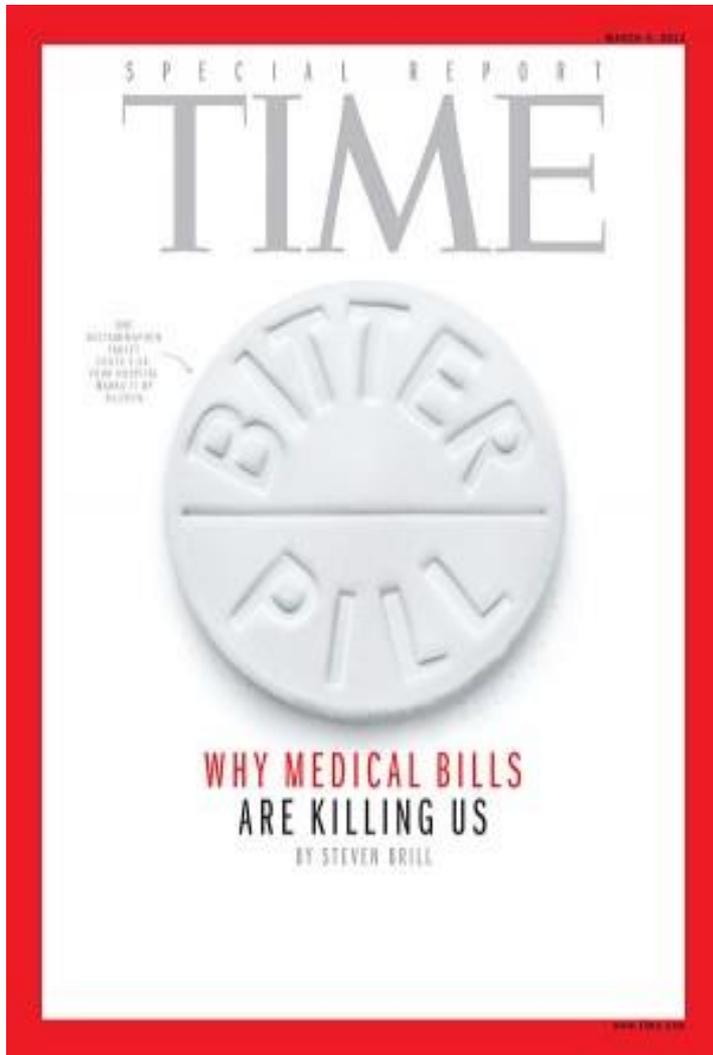
NOTE: Blue indicates a cancer drug; yellow indicates a rare drug treatment.

SOURCES: Companies, patient groups

8 cancer drugs approved in 2015 had a six-figure price [1]

The median wage in the US per person is \$26,695 [2]

Where are we heading?



CAN WE AFFORD THE WAR ON CANCER?

Immunotherapy vaccines could extend survival in a handful of cancers. But personalizing treatment, payers argue, is not sustainable. Where should the line be drawn?

BY ED SILVERMAN

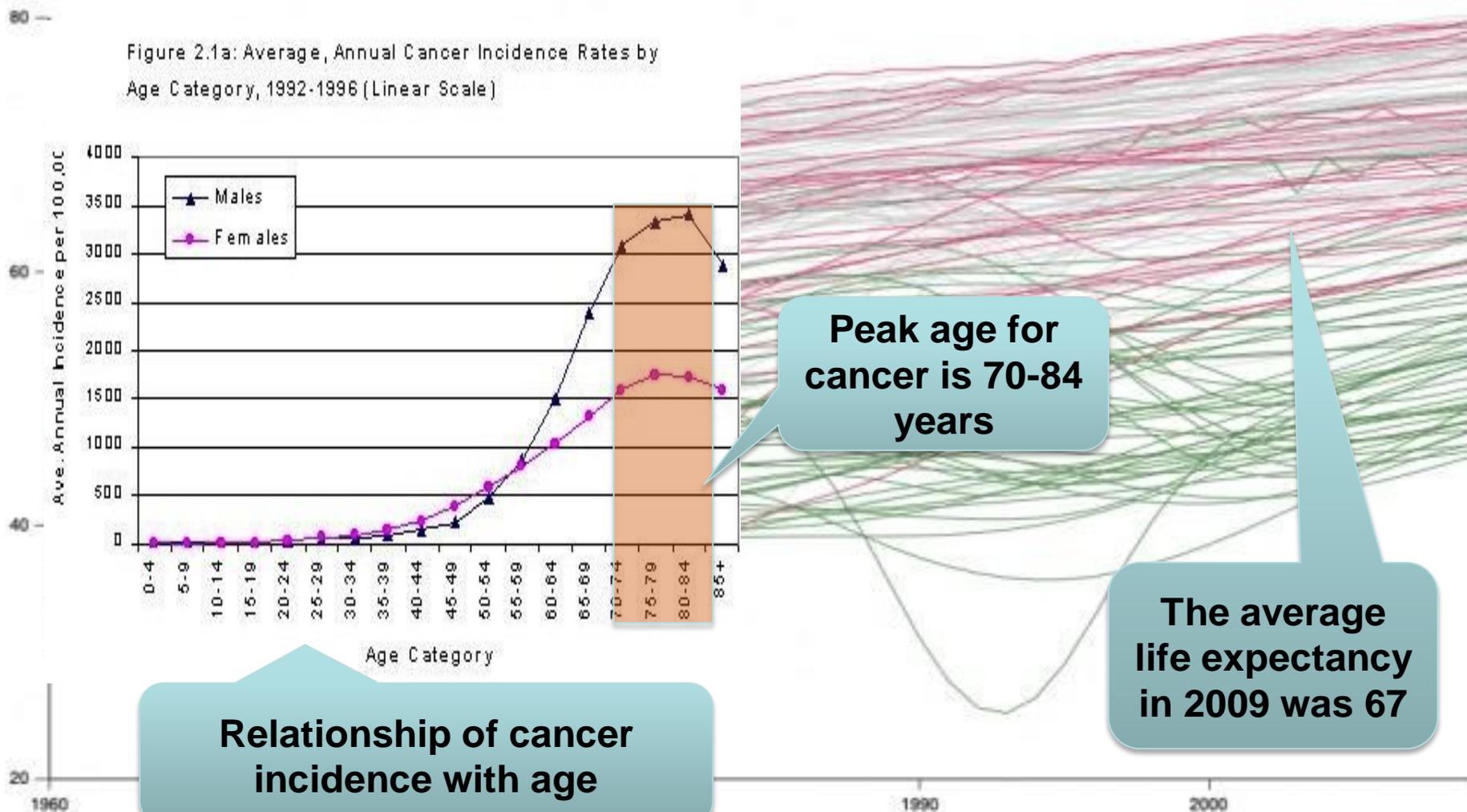
Two years ago, the U.S. Food and Drug Administration took a step that some thought would never occur — it approved the sipuleucel-T (Provenge) vaccine for late-stage prostate cancer. The move came after a protracted episode involving allegations of conflicts of interest among a pair of FDA advisory committee members who reviewed the

tending a life by 4.1 months is worth the price of Provenge. It has also prompted larger questions about the underlying technology and the need to develop more vaccines.

Provenge is made by culturing a patient's immune cells with a recombinant antigen. The individualized product is then infused back into the patient, activating the immune system to target and attack the cancer. This "immunotherapy" underscores the move toward personalized



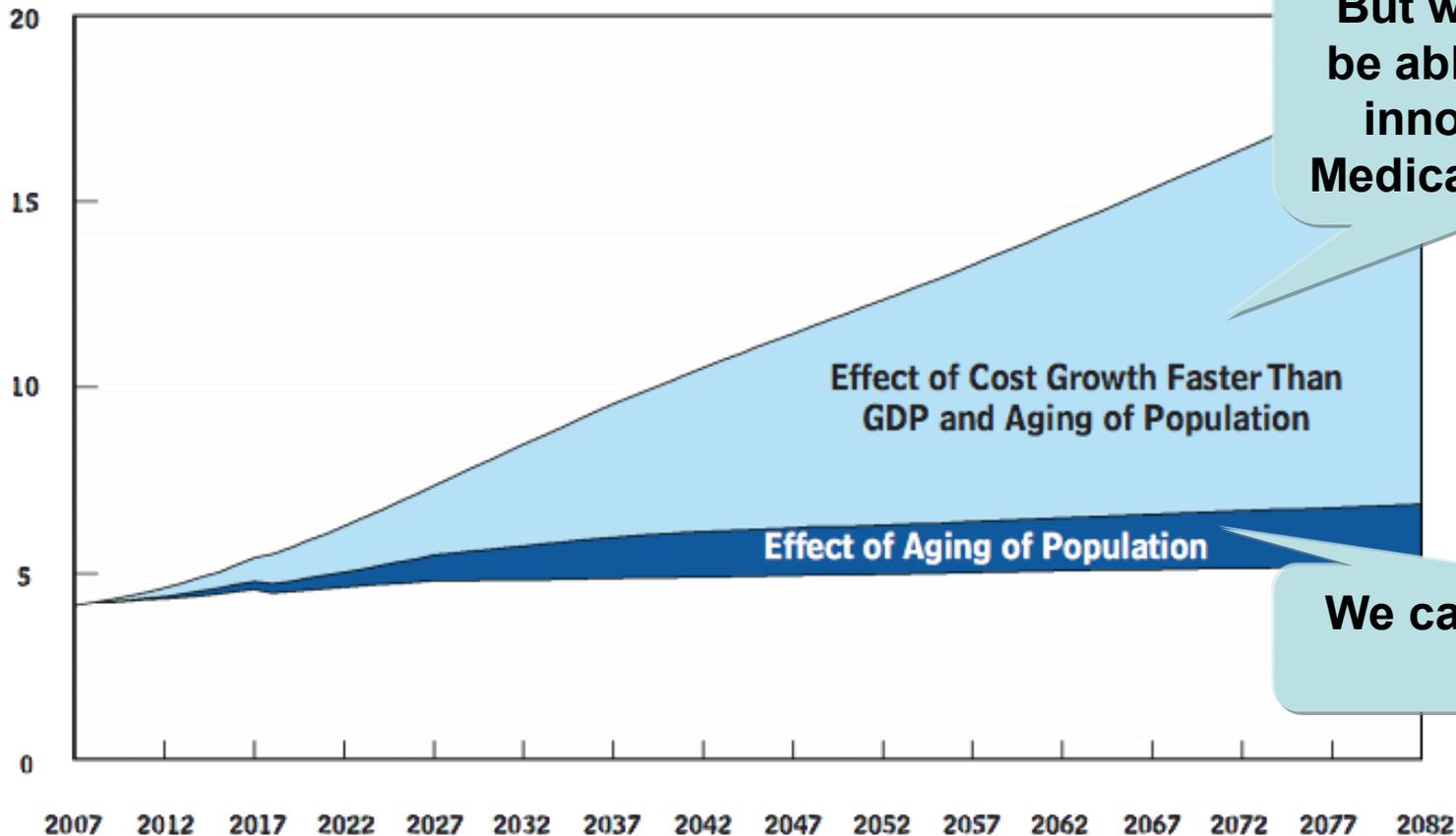
But we have a problem: more cancer to treat



Planning for the Future: What Will Happen to Costs?

What is the driver for increased spending:
Aging populations or medical treatment?

Percentage of Gross Domestic Product

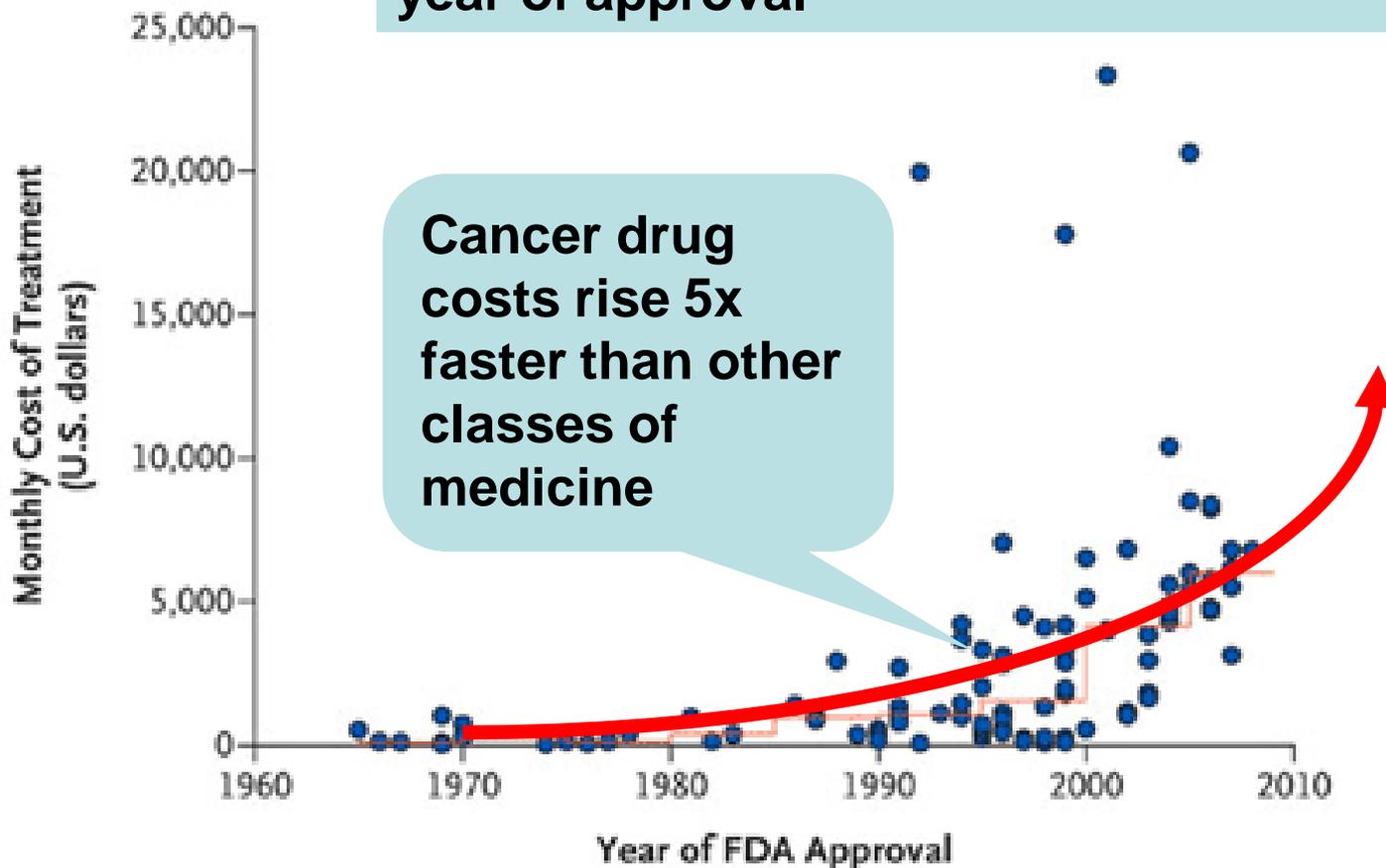


But we may not be able to afford innovation in Medical treatment

We can afford to age

But we have a problem: treatment costs are rising

Monthly cost of new cancer drugs by year of approval



1330	18	1550	1100T	22.10	2020	22.10-	250	TK	
18	1270	18-	050	MEDIA	555	6	565-	0.10	THNY
25	2575	25-	275	RS	450	452	450-	020	US
355	350	350-	024	SAFARI	264	250		284	ZHICO
105	2	105-	0.19	TINF	037	030	036-	0.10	APURE
474	480	474-	020	UBC				18	DAIDO
11	1110	11-	070	ACL	302	304	302-	050	HTC
6.75	6.30	6.20-	020	AEONTS	42	4550		47	KSL
605	620	6.10-	00	AITCO				650	LST
970	975	965-	05	ABL	120	125	125-	05	MAEX
155	157	155-	18	ASP	322	324	324-	016	MFO
065	070	065-	065	BC				00	OISHI
525	535	535-	025	BLS	110	120	120-	020	PB
0550	05	05-	150	CHS		33	3250-	450	POHPU
3250	3275	3275-	025	FYS		11	1050-	120	PR
1050	1080	1070-	00	GBK	18	180	180-	030	S&P
029	030	029-	006	KEST	19	19-		330	SINCHA
204	206	206-	18	KOI	000	170-		075	SFP
0550	50	0550-	1050	KK	26	2575-		375	SORKON
3075	31	3075-	475		24	2350-		430	SOC
202	4	4-	0.10			157		007	TC
300	350	300-	001					1700	TF
430	450	450-	009			155-		009	TIPCO
030	040	030-	007			70-		0.10	TUF
\$ 150	52	\$ 150-	6			50-		775	TVO
000	050	050-	270			70-		0.10	TWFP
1550	1550		157			11-		005	WAC
1.10	030	020-	001			70-		025	WON
705	705	700-	059			2750		01	WJ
025	030	025-	0.10			020-		0.10	W-OHI



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NEW YORK CITY, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1929.

NEWS

22 PAGES

THURSDAY, OCT. 24, 1929

WALL ST. IN PANIC AS STOCKS CRASH

Attempt Made to Kill Italy's Crown Prince

ASSASSIN CAUGHT IN BRUSSELS MOB; PRINCE UNHURT

Royal Suter Was Arrested
in Last Week on Un-
known Soldier's Tomb

Prince, Duke of
Salaparuta, Falls into
Flames and Escapes

BRUSSELS, Oct. 23.—(AP)—An attempt was made today to assassinate the crown prince of Italy in a Brussels mob. The prince, Duke of Salaparuta, was unharmed. The assassin, a man named Suter, was arrested last week on the tomb of an unknown soldier in the city of Rome.

Hollywood Fire Destroys Films Worth Millions

ATTEMPT MADE ON LIFE



Prince Duke of Salaparuta

Consolidated Studios An-
nounced today that a fire
in the city of Hollywood
has destroyed films worth
millions of dollars.

ATTEMPT MADE ON LIFE
The prince of Italy was
attacked today in a Brussels
mob. The prince, Duke of
Salaparuta, was unharmed.
The assassin, a man named
Suter, was arrested last
week on the tomb of an
unknown soldier in the city
of Rome.

FEAR 52 PERISHED IN LAKE MICHIGAN; FERRY IS MISSING

Wreckage Flung Up In- dianan Coast Were Threw With All Aboard

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 23.—(AP)—A search party today was looking for a missing ferry in Lake Michigan. The ferry was carrying 52 people. The wreckage was flung up on the Indiana coast. The people were thrown with all aboard.

PIECE OF PLANE LIKE OITEMAN'S IS FOUND AT SEA

Black and Orange Wreck- age Indicate, Daring Flier Was on Board

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 23.—(AP)—A piece of a plane like Oiteman's was found at sea. The wreckage was black and orange. The daring flier was on board.

High Duty Group Gave \$700,000 to Coolidge Drive

Coastal Agency Rates Went Up Due to the Anti- Rise in Propaganda

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—(AP)—The coastal agency rates went up today due to the anti-rise in propaganda. The rates were \$700,000.

STOCKS CRASH IN RUSH TO SELL; BILLIONS LOST

FOR MORE LIBERTIES



Head of New Exchange Bank

STOCKS CRASH
IN RUSH TO SELL;
BILLIONS LOST
The stock market crashed today in a rush to sell. Billions of dollars were lost.

CARNEGIE CHARGE OF PAID ATHLETES BOUSES COLLEGES

HOOVER'S TRAIN HALTED BY AUTO PLACED ON RAILS

WARDER SOUGHT TO KEEP SEA TRIP SECRET, AID SAYS

SOMERS NAMED AS HEAD OF NEW EXCHANGE BANK

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What are policy-makers trying to do?

Health Care

Will Health Costs Bankrupt America?

02.23.11, 06:00 PM EST

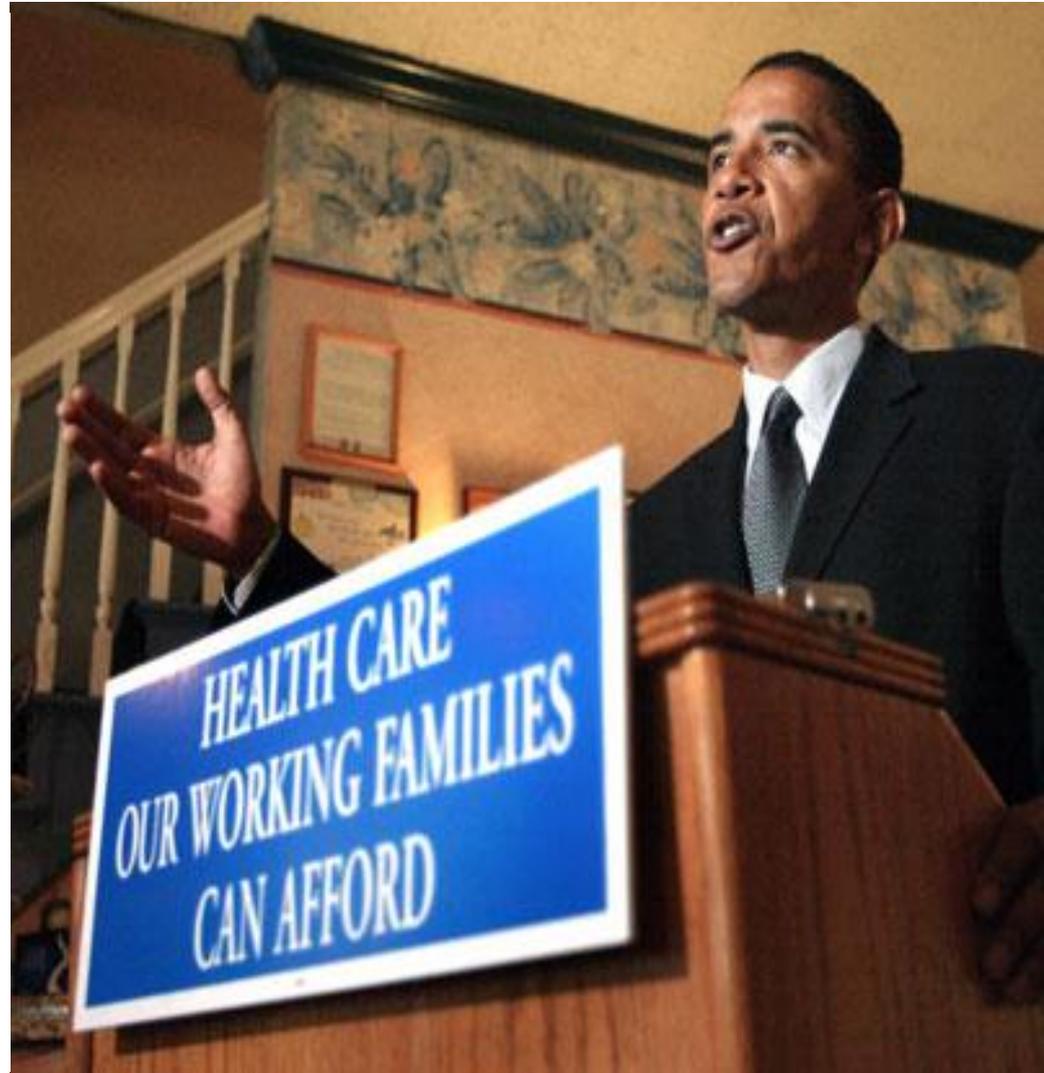
Forbes Magazine dated March 14, 2011

What kept going up even in the depths of the worst recession since the 1930s? Health spending.

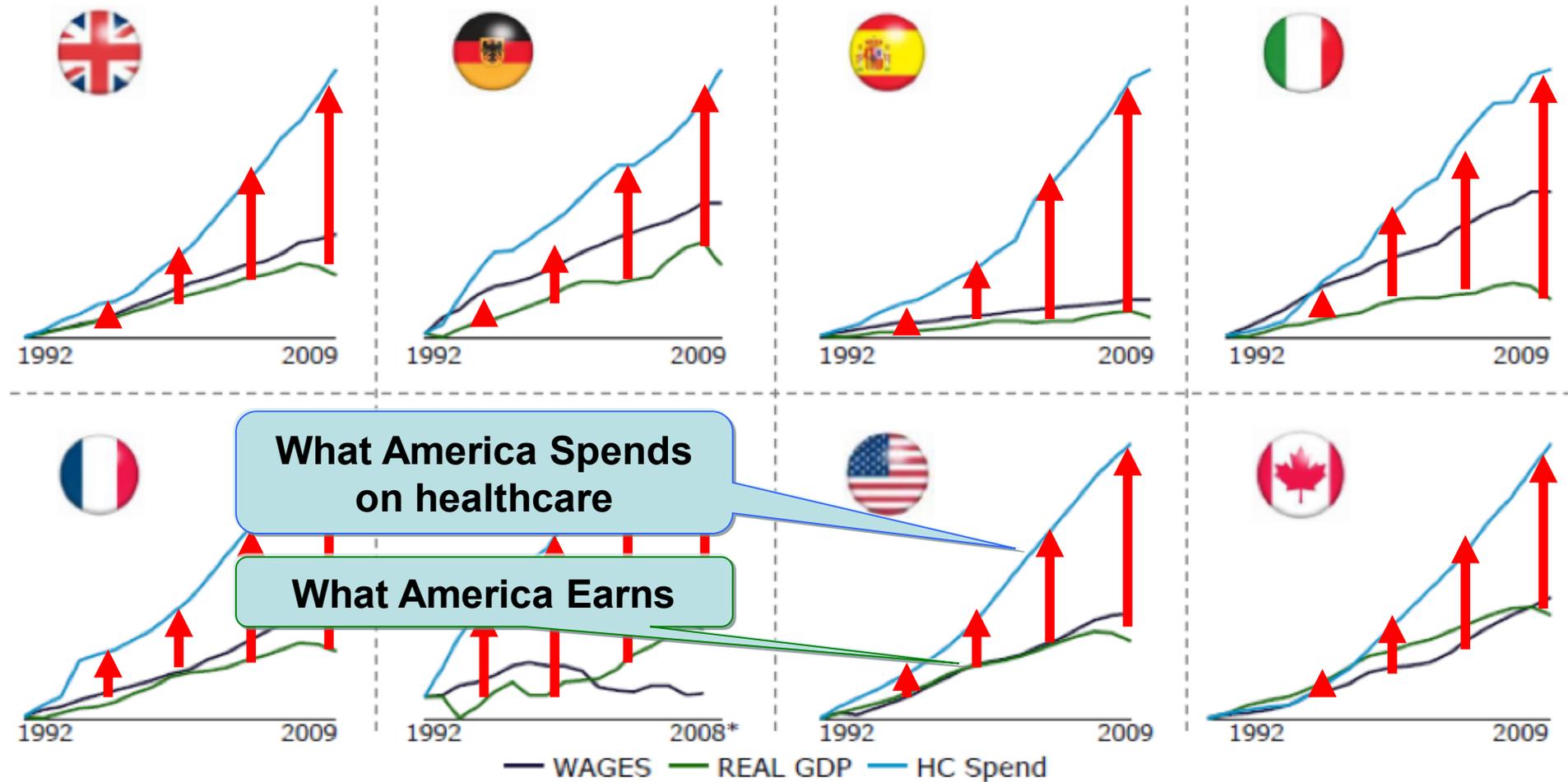
A forbes.com conversation with Robert Langreth, Avik Roy, David Whelan, Matthew Herper--and our audience.

What kept going up even in the depths of the worst recession since the 1930s? Health spending. It rose 4% in 2009 to an alltime record of 17.6% of gross domestic product. We are far above every other nation in health spending but don't have the longevity to show for it. Health costs are by far the biggest threat to the nation's fiscal health in the long run.

Health care costs are increasing at an annual rate of 7% a year, which if sustained will bankrupt Medicare in nine years and increase the nation's overall annual health care tab to \$4 trillion in 10 years.



Medical Cost Inflation puts health services at jeopardy



We live in difficult times

- To maintain essential services, such as health and education
- The world has borrowed money and created significant debt

2010 national debt among EU nations

Less than 10% of GDP More than 100% of GDP



The threat to health from debt is real

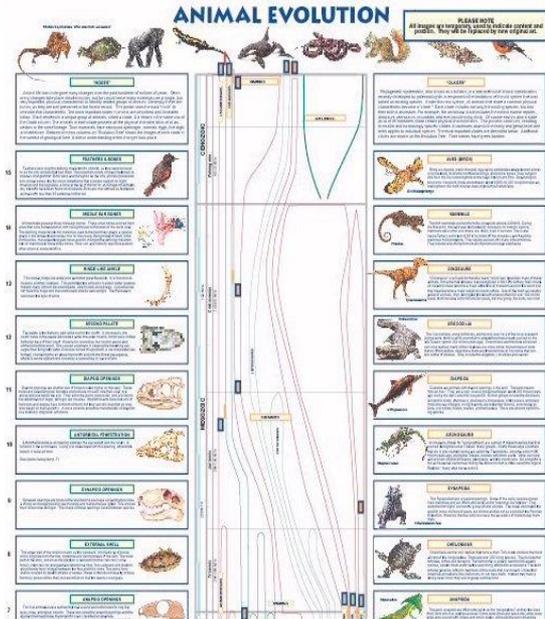
Even when our current financial crisis is over we will have to repay debt leaving little spare for increased spending

for every 1% decrease in government healthcare spending, maternal mortality rises 10.6% each year in the EU

Regression coefficient [R] 0.0177, P = 0.0021, 95% confidence interval [95% CI] 0.0065–0.0289

Yet we need an “innovation fund” to enable our patients to access better care

The Evolution of Medical Decision Making:



- Pre-EBM - Evidence Based Medicine
 - Focus on a novel mechanism of action? **Tumour control, PFS**
- EBM - Evidence Based Medicine
 - Focus on efficacy **OS & QOL**
- VBM - Value Based Medicine
 - Focus on effectiveness and “value” to stakeholders

EBM “Does this intervention make you live significantly longer or live better?”

VBM “Is this worth doing compared with other things we could do with the same resource?”

by 2018, biologics worth \$68 billion in annual sales will lose patent protection

Even with only 20% discount, this should give the world a \$14 Billion health innovation fund

30% gets us \$21 Billion

40% pays back \$28 Billion



DEFINITION of 'Blockbuster Drug'

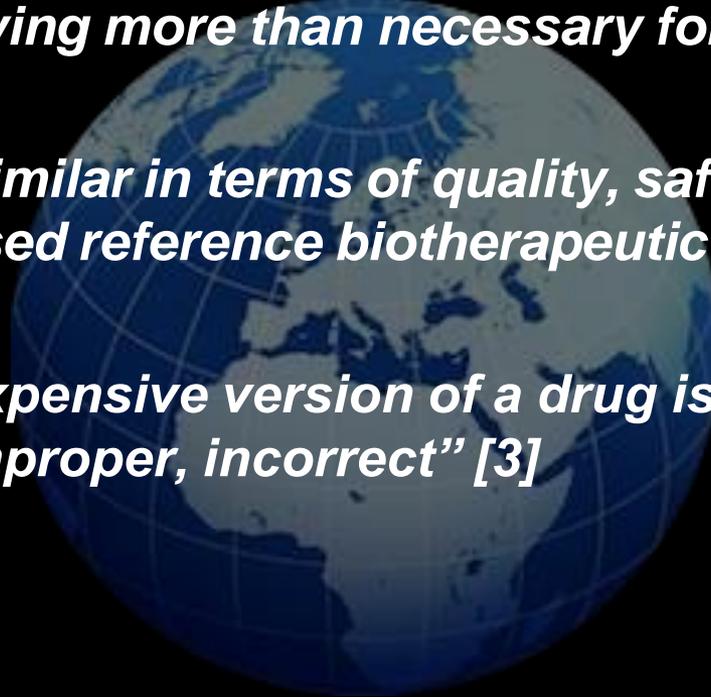
a drug that generates annual sales of at least \$1 billion

VBM "Is this worth doing compared with other things we could do with the same resource?"

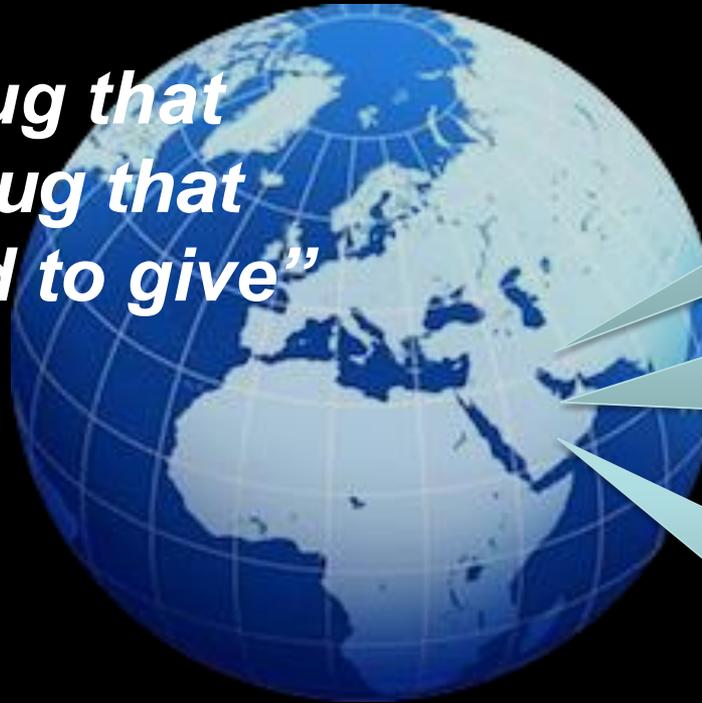


The WHO has made it very clear

- ***The leading cause of inefficiency in healthcare is underuse of generics and paying more than necessary for medicines [1]***
- ***A Biosimilar is similar in terms of quality, safety, and efficacy to an already licensed reference biotherapeutic product [2]***
- ***To use a more expensive version of a drug is “irrational, inappropriate, improper, incorrect” [3]***



“The only drug that works is a drug that we can afford to give”



There are 196 countries in the world

Just 7 countries in the world buy 75% of all biologic drugs

The unmet need for cheaper biologics is significant

“The only drug that works is a drug that we can afford to give”



We have a common interest between patients, physicians, pharmacists, pharma' and payers in the success of biosimilars

There are 196 countries in the world

Just 7 countries in the world buy 75% of all biologic drugs

The unmet need for cheaper biologics is significant

Biosimilars offer a reward to world health that will be substantial

Biosimilars – why are they so important?



Biosimilars – I can't imagine the world of medicine without them



Biosimilars – I can't imagine the world of medicine without them